

# SBARCO SDK MANUAL

## *SDK API*

This manual provides software programmer to use the API easily.  
When programmer wants their own applications to link with SBARCO printer, SBARCO company provides those dlls to help them. So, you can refer this manual for your big help.

### Features:

- Access, Excel, VBA, VB6, VB2005, VC6, VC2005, Delphi6, CShap Examples
- Single Line Text, MultiLine Paragraph (Horizontal Alignment)
- True-Type-Font Unicode Ready
- 1-D Barcode, 2-D Barcode (QR Code, PDF-417, Maxicode, Data Matrix)
- Sent to USB, RS232, LPT, Ethernet, File or Pipe
- Demand printer to do something
- Get serial number, dpi, emulation, etc...
- Auto color to monochrome
- Support all SBARCO printer
- Support Standalone Form Access

# SBSDK\_API

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## SDK MATERIAL

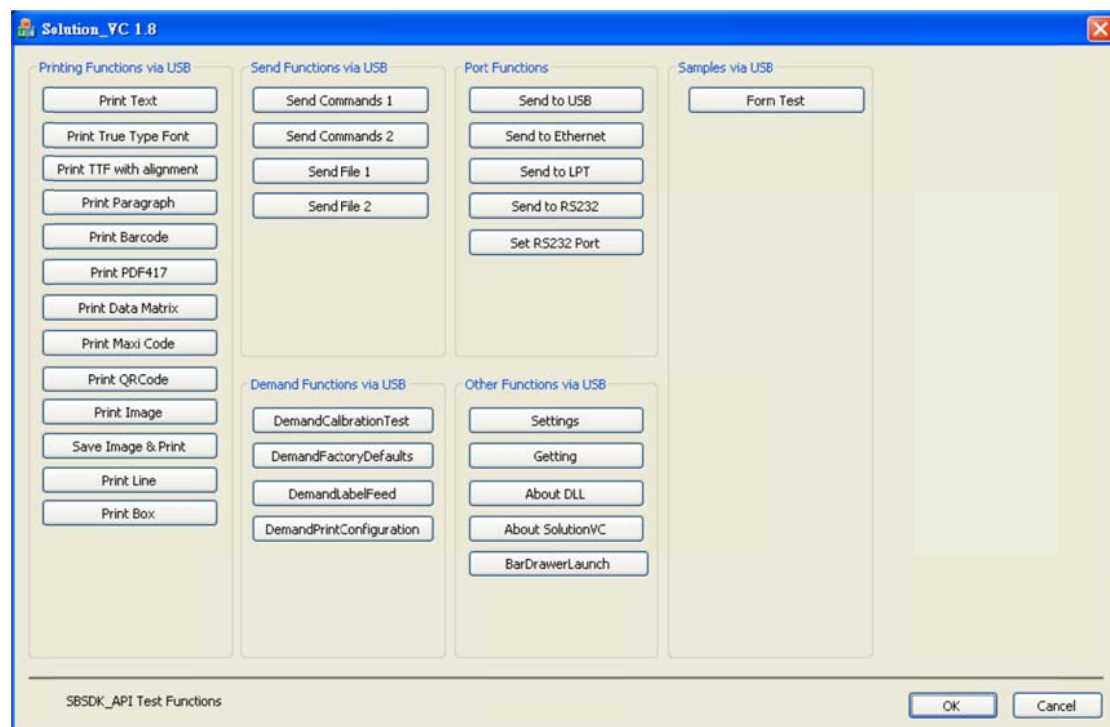
We support two solutions for VB, VC, CSharp and Delphi now. Programmer can find them in directory of “sbarco\_sdk”. Those solutions have had many examples for every function for programmer can easy to use them. So after implement, you must copy the “SBSDK\_API.dll” and “NECI.dll” files to your own application directory.

Path			
sbarco_sdk\	Solution_VB\		
	Solution_VC\	BIN_900\ BIN_800\	Release\ Release\
	Solution_Delphi6\		
	Solution_CSharp\	SBARCO_SDK\bin\	Debug\
	SBSDK_API.dll		
	NECI.dll		

## Solution\_VC

This solution is made from Visual C++ 2005 and Visual C++ 2008.

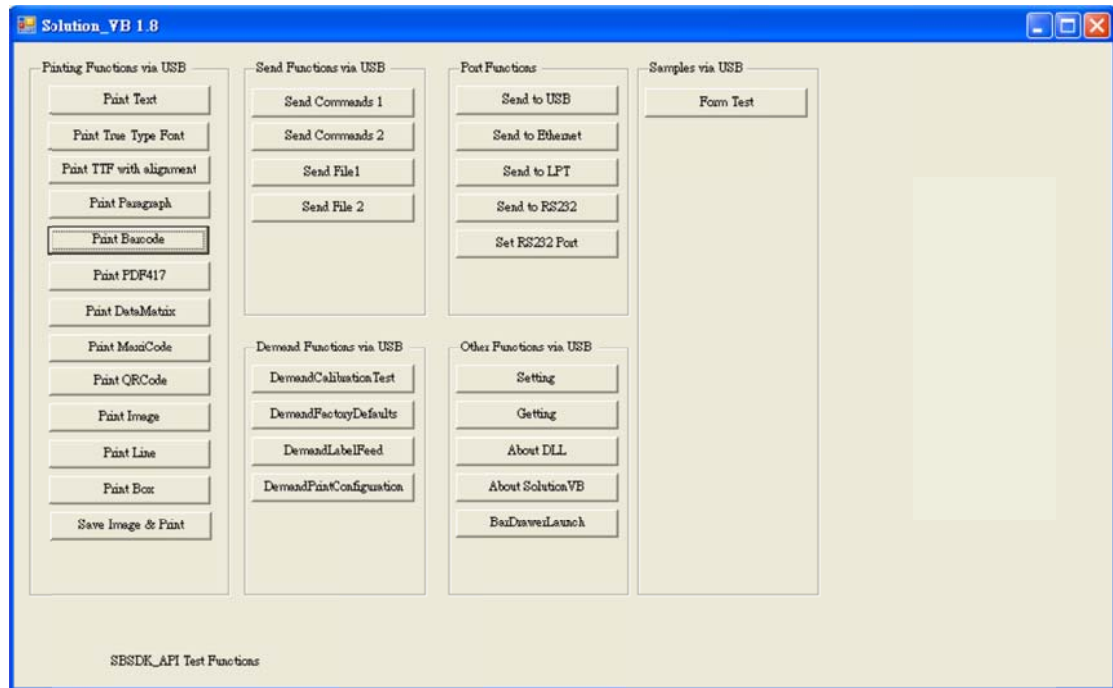
- Workspace file: Solution\_VC\ solution\_vc\_2005.sln or solution\_vc\_2008.sln



## Solution\_VB

This solution is made form Visual C++ 2005

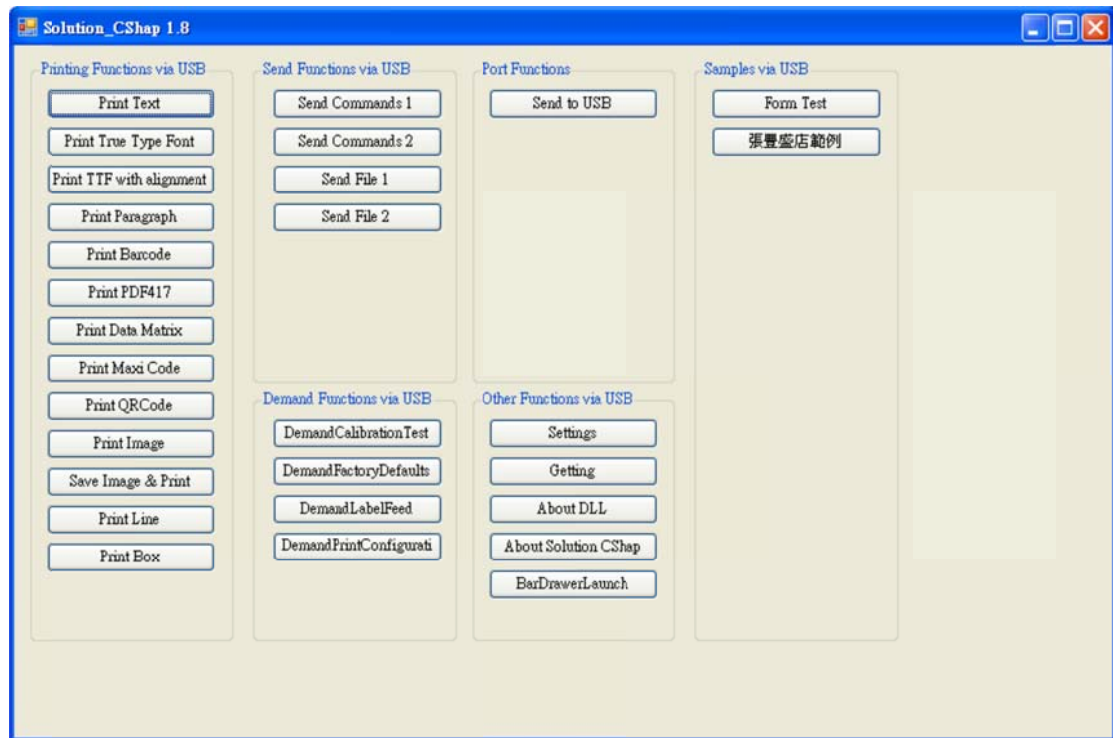
- Workspace file: Solution\_VB\ Solution\_VB\_2005.sln



## Solution\_CShap\_2008

This solution is made from CShap

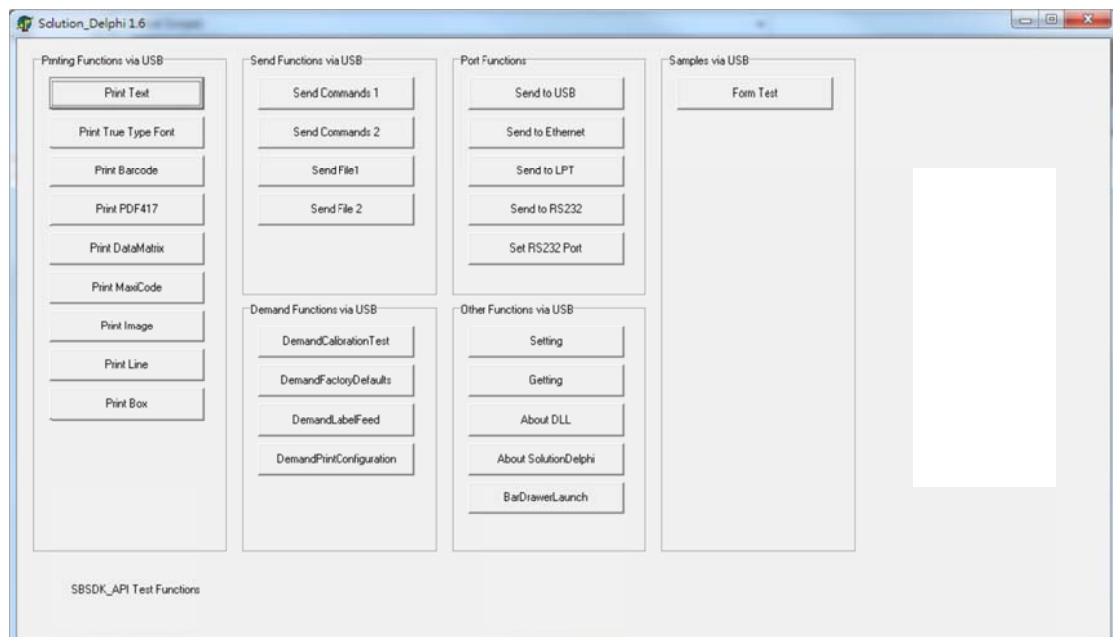
- Workspace file: Solution\_CShap\ solution\_cshap\_2008.sln



## Solution\_Delphi

This solution is made from Delphi6

- Workspace file: Solution\_Delphi6\ Project1.dpr





## HISTORY

<b>2010/08/09 Ver:1.0</b>	First Release
<b>2010/11/11 Ver:1.1</b>	Add BarDrawer Functions
<b>2010/11/23 Ver:1.2</b>	Remove the rectangle of PrintImage function. The rectangle is for debugging.
<b>2011/05/26 Ver:1.4</b>	Fixed bug for Tear-Off Mode of SetAfterPrint Function.
<b>2011/06/09 Ver:1.5</b>	Function of PortOpen added an option of name pipe for sharing printer.
<b>2011/07/04 Ver:1.6</b>	Add function for SetReferencePoint, GetReferencePoint.
<b>2011/07/25 Ver:1.7</b>	Modify TPH width from 200 to 203 dpi.
	Fixed USB enum bug for one of longer USB register name.
	Add function for Y offset of TPH.
<b>2011/08/31 Ver:1.8</b>	Add Form Functions for FormSaveByFileA, FormSaveByFileW, FormCheck, FormExecute, FormParameterData and FormPrint.
	Add a FormTest sample in VC and VB.
<b>2011/09/08 Ver:1.9</b>	Add Ethernet communication for PortEnumCount(), PortEnumGet() and PortOpen() Functions.
<b>2011/10/03 Ver:1.10</b>	Add Delphi Sample Codes.
	Fixed RS-232 default baud rate value from 115200 to 9600.
	Fixed RS-232 communication bug in Win7
	Fixed GetPrintDistance() bug in Dot Mode.
	Change the DllAbout() return value from integer to double.
<b>2011/12/08 Ver:1.11</b>	OpenPort() removed the query action.
	PrintLabel() add a command for saving data to RAM.
	When the print fails, the program automatically clears the memory of the print content.
	If the program execution path exists file "DLLTOFILE.txt", the program will automatically print the contents to "DLLTOFILE.txt".
	Add ImageSave(), ImagePrint(), ImageDelete() functions for not storing image for many times.
<b>2012/1/31 Ver:1.12</b>	Add PrintTTF_AlignmentA, PrintTTF_AlignmentW for True Type Font Text with horizontal alignment.
	Add PrintParagraphA, PrintParagraphW for True Type Font paragraph with horizontal alignment.
	Add PrintQRcode for QR code.
	Add CShap Sample Codes.
<b>2013/1/16 Ver:1.17</b>	Add unicode functions for PrintTextA, PrintTextW, PrintBarcodeA, PrintBarcodeW, PrintPDF417A, PrintPDF417W, PrintDataMatrixA, PrintDataMatrixW, PrintMaxiCodeA, PrintMaxiCodeW, PrintQRcodeA, PrintQRcodeW.
	Fixed PortOpen ("192.168.0.2"); // TCP / IP using print two or more, will be unable to continue printing problems.

<b>2013/6/24 Ver:1.19</b>	Add PrintImageW, Image_SaveW to support Unicode string input.
<b>2013/6/24 Ver:1.20</b>	Fixed USB printing will not be fully finished printing issue.
<b>2013/6/25 Ver:1.21</b>	Add PrintImageW() and ImageSaveW() functions. Fixed "Parser_PrintText", "Parser_PrintBarcode", "Parser_PrintPDF417", "Parser_PrintDataMatrix", "Parser_PrintMaxiCode", "Parser_PrintQRcode", "Parser_PrintImage", "Parser_PrintTrueTypeFontA", "Parser_PrintTTF_AlignmentA", "Parser_PrintParagraphA", "Parser_LinePrint_TTF_Print", "Parser_LinePrint_QRCode_Print", "Parser_LinePrint_1DBar_Print" function can retention problems double quotes. Parser_LinePrint_QRCode_Print() add data string from unicode to ASCII function.
<b>2013/12/12 Ver:1.22</b>	Add GetScaleData() function.

## I WANT TO...

### List

[Print over Pallet \(LPT\)](#)

[Print over Serial \(RS-232\)](#)

[Print over USB](#)

[Print over Ethernet](#)

[Print over File](#)

[Print over a name pipe](#)

[Send files or data to the printer](#)

[Make some demands](#)

[Get some data from printer](#)

[Check this library](#)

[Get Scale Data from RS-232 to link with scale.](#)

## Print over Pallet (LPT)

---

### Example: Direct a port (VC)

```
PortOpen("LPT1");  
  
SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches  
  
PrintText(1.1f, 0.2f, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 17, "Print from LPT");  
  
PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);  
  
PortClose();
```

### Example: Enumerate LPT Ports (VC)

```
int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(2); // Get LPT count  
  
char acPortBuffer[24];  
  
if(nPortCount > 0)  
{  
  
    PortEnumGet(2, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of LPT port  
  
    PortOpen(acPortBuffer);  
  
    SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches  
  
    PrintText(1.1f, 0.2f, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 16, "Print from LPT");  
  
    PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);  
  
    PortClose();  
  
}
```

### See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## Print over Serial (RS-232)

---

### Example: Direct a port (VC)

```
PortSetupSerial(115200, 8, 0, 1, 1); // 115200 bps, 8 data-bits, no parity, 1 stop bit,
hardware
PortOpen("COM1");
flowing control.
SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches
PrintText(1.1f, 0.2f, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 17, "Print from RS232");
PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);
PortClose();
```

### Example: Enumerate RS232 Ports (VC)

```
int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(1); // Get RS232 count
char acPortBuffer[24];
if(nPortCount > 0)
{
    PortEnumGet(1, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 1 of RS232 port
    PortSetupSerial(115200, 8, 0, 1, 1); // 115200 bps, 8 data-bits, no parity, 1 stop bit,
    hardware
    PortOpen(acPortBuffer);
    SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches
    PrintText(1.1f, 0.2f, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 16, "Print from RS232");
    PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);
    PortClose();
}
```

### See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## Print over USB

---

### Example: Enumerate USB Ports (VC)

```
int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

char acPortBuffer[24];

if(nPortCount > 0)
{
    PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

    PortOpen(acPortBuffer);

    SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches

    PrintText(1.1f, 0.2f, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 14, "Print from USB");

    PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);

    PortClose();
}
```

### See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## Print over Ethernet

---

### Example: Enumerate Ethernet IP Addresses (VC)

```
int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(3); // Get Ethernet IP Address count

char acPortBuffer[24];

if(nPortCount > 0)
{
    PortEnumGet(3, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get IP Address of number 0 of Ethernet

    PortOpen(acPortBuffer);

    SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches

    PrintText(1.1f, 0.2f, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 14, "Print from Ethernet");

    PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);

    PortClose();
}
```

### See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## Print over File

---

### Example (VC)

```
PortOpen("c:\\SBAPI-Out.txt");  
  
SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches  
  
PrintText(1.1f, 0.2f, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 17, "Print from file");  
  
PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);  
  
PortClose();
```

### See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)



## Print over a name pipe

---

### Example (VC)

```
PortOpen("\\\\TESTPC\\SbarcoT4-usb02");  
  
SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches  
  
PrintText(1.1f, 0.2f, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 17, "Print from file");  
  
PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);  
  
PortClose();
```

### See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## Send files or data to the printer

---

### Example (VC)

```
PortOpen("LPT1");  
  
int nDataLen = SendFileA("testcmd.txt");  
  
//int nDataLen = SendFileW(_T("testcmd.txt"));  
  
//int nDataLen = SendFileA("open");  
  
//int nDataLen = SendFileW(_T("open"));  
  
CString strMessage;  
  
strMessage.Format(_T("Data length = %d"), nDataLen);  
  
AfxMessageBox(strMessage);  
  
PortClose();
```

### See Also

[Port Functions](#), [SendFileA](#), [SendFileW](#)

## Make some demands

---

### Example: Calibration Test (VC)

```
PortOpen("LPT1");  
  
DemandCalibrationTest(); // demand the printer to run a calibration test.  
  
PortClose();
```

### Example: Print Configuration (VC)

```
PortOpen("LPT1");  
  
DemandPrintConfiguration(); // demand the printer to print out a label with printer  
configuration.  
  
PortClose();
```

### See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Demand Functions](#)

## Get some data from printer

---

### Example: Get Printer Emulation (VC)

```

PortSetupSerial(115200, 8, 0, 1, 1); // 115200 bps, 8 data-bits, no parity, 1 stop bit,
hardware
PortOpen("COM1"); // not for LPT port
flowing control.
if(GetEmulationType() == 100)
    AfxMessageBox(_T("PEPL Emulation"));
else
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't get emulation from printer"));
PortClose();

```

### Example: Get Printer Serial Number (VC)

```

char acBuffer[32];
CString strTemp;
PortSetupSerial(115200, 8, 0, 1, 1); // 115200 bps, 8 data-bits, no parity, 1 stop bit,
hardware
PortOpen("COM1"); // not for LPT port
flowing control.
if(GetSerialNumber(acBuffer) > 0)
{
    strTemp = _T("Serial Number: ");
    strTemp += acBuffer;
    AfxMessageBox(strTemp);
}
else
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't get serial number"));
PortClose();

```

### See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Getting Functions](#)

Check this library

---

## Example (VC)

```
double dbVersion = DllAbout(TRUE); // 1=display dialog, 0=only return version  
  
CString strVersion;  
  
strVersion.Format(_T("DLL Version: %.1f"), dbVersion);  
  
AfxMessageBox(strVersion);
```

## See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Other Functions](#)

## Get Scale Data from RS-232 to link with scale

---

### Example (VC)

```
double dbVersion = DIIAbout(TRUE); // 1=display dialog, 0=only return version  
  
CString strVersion;  
  
strVersion.Format(_T("DLL Version: %.1f"), dbVersion);  
  
AfxMessageBox(strVersion);
```

### See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Other Functions](#)

## PORT FUNCTIONS

Name	Description
<a href="#">PortClose</a>	This function can close computer port which is opened by "PortOpen".
<a href="#">PortEnumCount</a>	This function can enumerate count of port.
<a href="#">PortEnumGet</a>	This function can get port name from computer.
<a href="#">PortOpen</a>	This function can open port.
<a href="#">PortSetupSerial</a>	Defines the control setting for a serial communications device.

## PortClose

---

This function can close computer port which is opened by “PortOpen”.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) void _stdcall PortClose();
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Sub PortClose Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" ()
<b>Delphi</b>
Procedure PortClose ();stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern void PortClose();

## Return Value

## Parameters

## Remarks

## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

SetAfterPrint (1, 0); // Enable Tear-Off mode after printing.

PrintLabel(0, 0, 0); // Only send data to printer without printing

PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Port Functions](#), [PortOpen](#)



## PortEnumCount

---

This function can enumerate count of port.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall PortEnumCount(int nPortType);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PortEnumCount Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nPortType As Long) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function PortEnumCount (nPortType: integer): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern int PortEnumCount(int nPortType);

## Return Value

The return value is 0~999 enumerated devices.

## Parameters

➤ *nPortType*

Port type.

Value	Description
0	USB
1	RS232
2	LPT
3	TCP/IP (Ethernet)

## Remarks

The "PortEnumGet" and "PortEnumCount" both functions must use together.

## Example (VC)

```
int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

char acPortBuffer[24];

if(nPortCount > 0)
{
    PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

    PortOpen(acPortBuffer);

    SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inchs

    PrintText(1.1f, 0.2f, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 14, "Print from USB");

    PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);

    PortClose();
}
```

}

## See Also

[Port Functions](#), [PortEnumGet](#)

## PortEnumGet

---

This function can get port name from computer.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PortEnumGet(int nPortType, int nItem, char* pBuffer);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PortEnumGet Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nPortType As Long, ByVal nItem As Long, ByVal pBuffer As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function PortEnumGet (nPortType:integer; nItem:integer; pBuffer:Pchar):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static unsafe extern bool PortEnumGet(int nPortType, int nItem, StringBuilder pBuffer);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0.

## Parameters

➤ *nPortType*

Port type.

Value	Description
0	USB
1	RS232
2	LPT
3	TCP/IP (Ethernet)

➤ *nItem*

Port number.

➤ *pBuffer*

Buffer of getting port name.

## Remarks

The "PortEnumGet" and "PortEnumCount" both functions must use together.

## Example (VC)

```
int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(1); // Get RS232 count

char acPortBuffer[24];

if(nPortCount > 0)
{
```

```
PortEnumGet(1, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port  
PortOpen(acPortBuffer);  
SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches  
PrintText(1.1f, 0.2f, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 16, "Print from RS232");  
PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);  
PortClose();  
}
```

## See Also

[Port Functions, PortEnumCount](#)

## PortOpen

---

This function can open port.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PortOpen(char* pPortName);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PortOpen Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal pPortName As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function PortOpen (pPortName:pchar):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static unsafe extern bool PortOpen(StringBuilder pPortName);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0.

## Parameters

➤ *pPortName*

Port name to open.

Type	Value
<b>USB</b>	Use Enum function
<b>RS232</b>	COMx
<b>LPT</b>	LPTx
<b>TCP/IP</b>	XXX.XXX.XXX.XXX
<b>File</b>	File name with path
<b>Pipe</b>	\\ComputerName\PrinterShareName

## Remarks

## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)

{

    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;

}
```

```
SetAfterPrint (1, 0); // Enable Tear-Off mode after printing.  
PrintLabel(0, 0, 0); // Only send data to printer without printing  
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Port Functions, PortEnumCount, PortClose](#)

## PortSetupSerial

---

Defines the control setting for a serial communications device.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PortSetupSerial(int nBaudRate, int nDataBits, int nParity, int nStopBits, int nFlowControl);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function
<b>Delphi</b>
function PortSetupSerial (nBaudRate:integer; nDataBits:integer; nParity:integer; nStopBits:integer; nFlowControl:integer):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PortSetupSerial(int nBaudRate, int nDataBits, int nParity, int nStopBits, int nFlowControl);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0.

## Parameters

### ➤ *nBaudRate*

The baud rate at which the communications device operates. This member can be an actual baud rate value, or one of the following indexes.

Value	Description
<b>1200</b>	1200 bps
<b>2400</b>	2400 bps
<b>4800</b>	4800 bps
<b>9600</b>	9600 bps (Printer Default)
<b>19200</b>	19200 bps
<b>38400</b>	38400 bps
<b>57600</b>	57600 bps
<b>115200</b>	115200 bps

### ➤ *nDataBits*

The number of bits in the bytes transmitted and received. Range: 7 or 8 (Printer Default).

### ➤ *nParity*

The parity scheme to be used. This member can be one of the following values.

Value	Description
<b>0</b>	No parity (Printer Default)
<b>1</b>	Odd parity
<b>2</b>	Even parity

➤ *nStopBits*

The number of stop bits to be used. This member can be one of the following values.

Value	Description
1	1 stop bit (Printer Default)
2	2 stop bits

➤ *nFlowControl*

Communication flowing control.

Value	Description
0	None
1	Hardware (Printer Default)
2	Xon/Xoff

## Remarks

## Example

```
PortSetupSerial(115200, 8, 0, 1, 1); // 115200 bps, 8 data-bits, no parity, 1 stop bit,
hardware
PortOpen("COM1");
SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches
PrintText(1.1f, 0.2f, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 17, "Print from RS232");
PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Port Functions](#)



## PRINTING FUNCTIONS

Name	Description
<a href="#"><u>ImageDelete</u></a>	Use an ID string to delete a image of printer.
<a href="#"><u>ImagePrint</u></a>	Use ID name to call printer image to print out.
<a href="#"><u>ImageSave</u></a>	Send an image file to printer and save with ID string.
<a href="#"><u>PrintBarcode</u></a>	This function can print a linear barcode.
<a href="#"><u>PrintBox</u></a>	This function can print a box.
<a href="#"><u>PrintDataMatrix</u></a>	This function can print a DataMatrix barcode.
<a href="#"><u>PrintLine</u></a>	This function can print a line.
<a href="#"><u>PrintImage</u></a>	Send an image file to printer and print out it with monochrome.
<a href="#"><u>PrintMaxiCode</u></a>	This function can print a MaxiCode barcode.
<a href="#"><u>PrintParagraphA</u></a>	PrintParagraphA can print a paragraph with true type font.
<a href="#"><u>PrintParagraphW</u></a>	PrintParagraphW can print a Unicode paragraph with true type font.
<a href="#"><u>PrintPDF417</u></a>	This function can print a PDF-417 barcode.
<a href="#"><u>PrintQRcode</u></a>	This function can print a QR code barcode.
<a href="#"><u>PrintText</u></a>	This function can print a text with printer internal font.
<a href="#"><u>PrintTrueTypeFontA</u></a>	PrintTrueTypeA can print a normal text with true type font.
<a href="#"><u>PrintTrueTypeFontW</u></a>	PrintTrueTypeW can print a Unicode text with true type font.
<a href="#"><u>PrintTTF_AlignmentA</u></a>	PrintTTF_AlignmentA can print a true type font text with alignment..
<a href="#"><u>PrintTTF_AlignmentW</u></a>	PrintTTF_AlignmentW can print a true type font Unicode text with alignment.
<a href="#"><u>PrintLabel</u></a>	This function can end functions of printing and setting to start printer to print patterns.

## ImageDelete

---

Use an ID string to delete a image of printer.

<b>C++</b>
BOOL Image_Delete(char* pIDString);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function Image_Delete Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal pIDString As String) As Integer
<b>Delphi</b>
function Image_Delete (pIDString:string):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool Image_Delete(string pIDString);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

### ➤ *pIDString*

Image ID name.

## Remarks

## Example (Visual Basic)

```
' Open USB port
Dim bResult As Integer
Dim nPortCount As Integer
Dim acPortBuffer As String
acPortBuffer = New String(vbNullChar, 24)
nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0) ' Get USB count
bResult = PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer) ' Get name of number 0 of USB port
bResult = PortOpen(acPortBuffer)
If bResult = 0 Then bResult = MsgBox("Can't open port!", 0, "Solution VB") : Exit Sub

bResult = SetMeasurement(1, 0) ' inches
bResult = SetMedia_LabelWithGaps(4, 3, 0.16, 0) ' W=4 inch, H=3Inch, GapLen=32 dots,
GapOffset=0;

bResult = Image_Save(1.0F, 1.0F, 0, 0, "TestImage.jpg", "IMAGE_01") ' nWidth=-1(Original
Size), nHeight=-1(Original Size), bErrorDiffusion=0

' print image with the ID specified
bResult = Image_Print(3.0F, 0.2F, "IMAGE_01")
bResult = Image_Print(1.0F, 0.2F, "IMAGE_01")
bResult = PrintLabel(1, 1, 0)
Call PortClose()
```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#), [ImageSave](#), [ImagePrint](#)

## ImagePrint

---

Use ID name to call printer image to print out.

<b>C++</b>
Image_Print(float fX, float fY ,char* pIDString);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function Image_Print Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fX As Single, ByVal fY As Single, ByVal pIDString As String) As Integer
<b>Delphi</b>
function Image_Print (fX:Single; fY:Single; pIDString:string):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool Image_Print(float fX, float fY, string pIDString);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

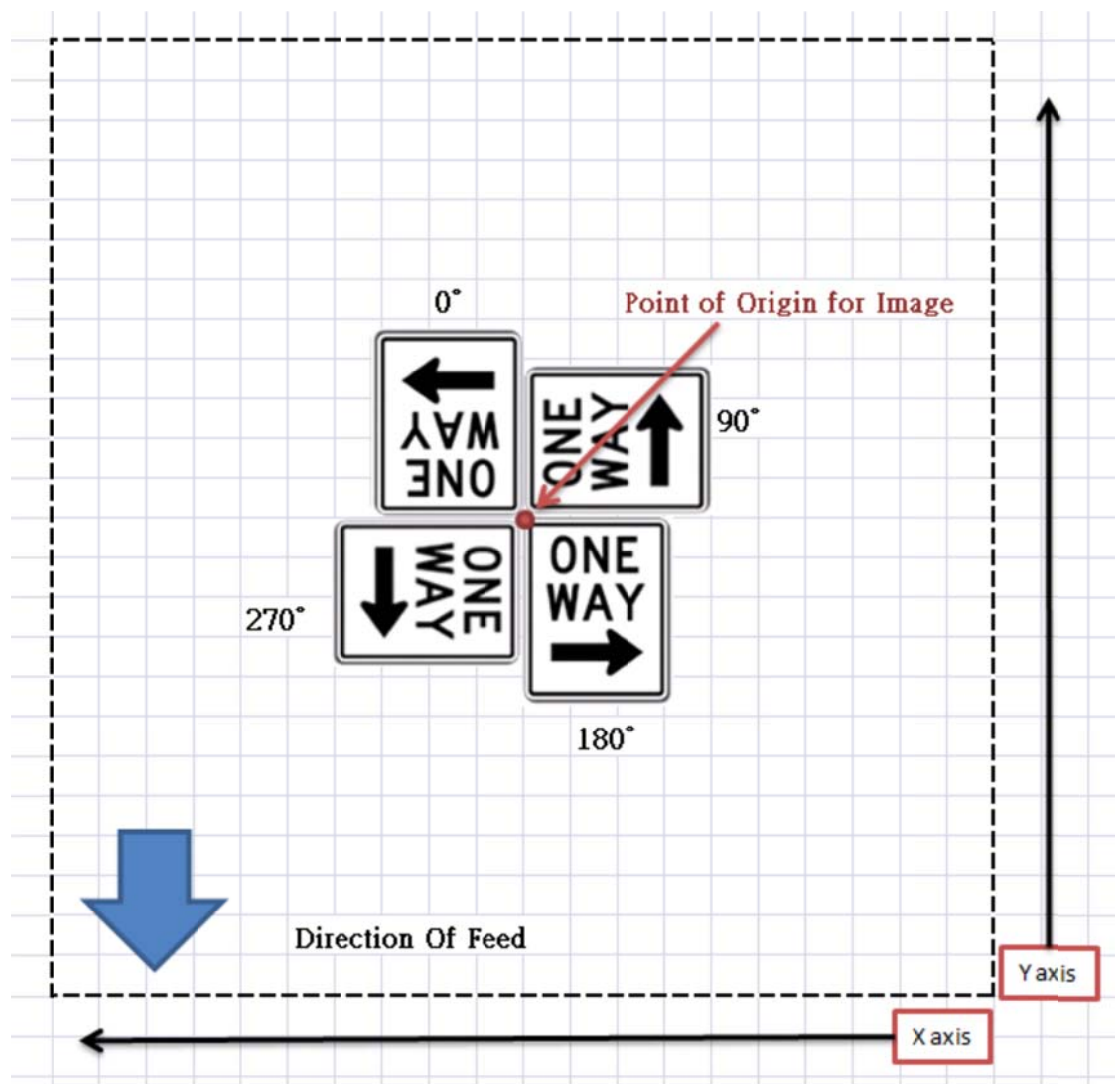
If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *fX*  
Horizontal start position (X) in library [measurement](#).
- *fY*  
Vertical start position (Y) in library [measurement](#).
- *pIDString*  
Image ID name.

## Remarks

Printing drawing.



**Example (Visual Basic)**

```

' Open USB port
Dim bResult As Integer
Dim nPortCount As Integer
Dim acPortBuffer As String
acPortBuffer = New String(vbNullChar, 24)
nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0) ' Get USB count
bResult = PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer) ' Get name of number 0 of USB port
bResult = PortOpen(acPortBuffer)
If bResult = 0 Then bResult = MsgBox("Can't open port!", 0, "Solution VB") : Exit Sub

bResult = SetMeasurement(1, 0) ' inches
bResult = SetMedia_LabelWithGaps(4, 3, 0.16, 0) ' W=4 inch, H=3Inch, GapLen=32 dots,
GapOffset=0;

bResult = Image_Save(1.0F, 1.0F, 0, 0, "TestImage.jpg", "IMAGE_01") ' nWidth=-1(Original
Size), nHeight=-1(Original Size), bErrorDiffusion=0

' print image with the ID specified
bResult = Image_Print(3.0F, 0.2F, "IMAGE_01")
bResult = Image_Print(1.0F, 0.2F, "IMAGE_01")
bResult = PrintLabel(1, 1, 0)
Call PortClose()

```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#), [ImageSave](#), [ImageDelete](#)

## ImageSave

---

Send an image file to printer and save with ID string.

<b>C++</b>
<pre> BOOL Image_Save(float fWidth, float fHeight, int nRotation, BOOL bErrorDiffusion, char* pFileName, char* pIDString); </pre>
<b>Visual Basic</b>
<pre> Private Declare Function Image_Save Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fWidth As Single, ByVal fHeight As Single, ByVal nRotation As Integer, ByVal bErrorDiffusion As Integer, ByVal pFileName As String, ByVal pIDString As String) As Integer </pre>
<b>Delphi</b>
<pre> function Image_Save (fWidth: Single; fHeight: Single; nRotation: integer; bErrorDiffusion: integer; pFileName: string; pIDString: string): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL'; </pre>
<b>CSharp</b>
<pre> [DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool Image_Save(float fWidth, float fHeight, int nRotation, int bErrorDiffusion, string pFileName, string pIDString); </pre>

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

➤ *fWidth*

Image Width in library [measurement](#). If set -1, it will be original size.

➤ *fHeight*

Image Height in library [measurement](#). If set -1, it will be original size.

➤ *nRotation*

Value	Description
0	No rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

➤ *bErrorDiffusion*

If set 1, this function will decreases color to monochrome with error diffusion mode.

➤ *pFileName*

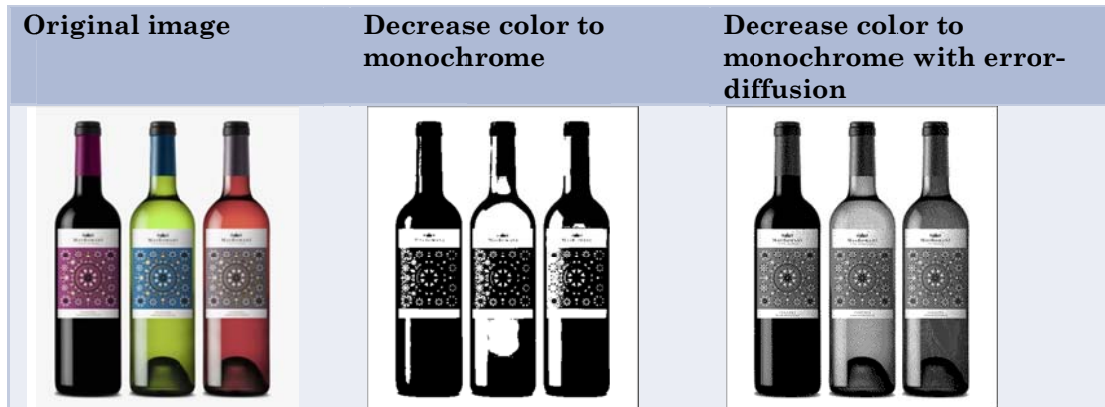
Image file name with path. It supports gif, jpg, jif, jpeg, png, tif, tiff, ico, bmp, dib and pcx formats.

➤ *pIDString*

Image ID name.

## Remarks

Print out color Image.



## Example (Visual Basic)

```
' Open USB port
Dim bResult As Integer
Dim nPortCount As Integer
Dim acPortBuffer As String
acPortBuffer = New String(vbNullChar, 24)
nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0) ' Get USB count
bResult = PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer) ' Get name of number 0 of USB port
bResult = PortOpen(acPortBuffer)
If bResult = 0 Then bResult = MsgBox("Can't open port!", 0, "Solution VB") : Exit Sub

bResult = SetMeasurement(1, 0) ' inches
bResult = SetMedia_LabelWithGaps(4, 3, 0.16, 0) ' W=4 inch, H=3Inch, GapLen=32 dots,
GapOffset=0;

bResult = Image_Save(1.0F, 1.0F, 0, 0, "TestImage.jpg", "IMAGE_01") ' nWidth=-1(Original
Size), nHeight=-1(Original Size), bErrorDiffusion=0

' print image with the ID specified
bResult = Image_Print(3.0F, 0.2F, "IMAGE_01")
bResult = Image_Print(1.0F, 0.2F, "IMAGE_01")
bResult = PrintLabel(1, 1, 0)
Call PortClose()
```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#), [ImageDelete](#), [ImagePrint](#)



## PrintBarcode

---

This function can print a linear barcode.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintBarcode(float fX, float fY, float fBarHeight, int nRotation, int nBarType, int nNarrowBar, int nWideBar, BOOL bHuman, int nDataLen, char* pData);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PrintBarcode Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fX As Single, ByVal fY As Single, ByVal fBarHeight As Single, ByVal nRotation As Long, ByVal nBarType As Long, ByVal nNarrowBar As Long, ByVal nWideBar As Long, ByVal bHuman As Long, ByVal nDataLen As Long, ByVal pData As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function PrintBarcode (fX:Single; fY:Single; fBarHeight:Single; nRotation:integer; nBarType:integer; nNarrowBar:integer; nWideBar:integer; bHuman:integer; nDataLen:integer; pData:string):integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintBarcode(float fX, float fY, float fBarHeight, int nRotation, int nBarType, int nNarrowBar, int nWideBar, int bHuman, int nDataLen, string pData);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *fX*  
Horizontal start position (X) in library [measurement](#).
- *fY*  
Vertical start position (Y) in library [measurement](#).
- *fBarHeight*  
Barcode height in library [measurement](#).
- *nRotation*

Value	Description
0	No rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

- *nBarType*

nBarType	Description	nNarrowBar	nWideBar
1	Code 39 - Standard or Extended	1-10	2-30
2	Code 39 with check digit	1-10	0
3	Code 93	1-10	0
4	Code 128 UCC Serial Shipping Container Code	1-10	0

5	Code 128	1-10	0
6	Code 128 mode A	1-10	0
7	Code 128 mode B	1-10	0
8	Code 128 mode C	1-10	0
10	Codabar	1-10	2-30
11	EAN/JAN-8	2-4	0
12	EAN/JAN-8 with 2 digit add-on	2-4	0
13	EAN/JAN-8 with 5 digit add-on	2-4	0
14	EAN/JAN-13	2-4	0
15	EAN/JAN-13 with 2 digit add-on	2-4	0
16	EAN/JAN-13 with 5 digit add-on	2-4	0
18	Interleaved 2 of 5	1-10	2-30
19	Interleaved 2 of 5 with mode 10 check digit	1-10	2-30
20	Interleaved 2 of 5 with human readable check digit	1-10	2-30
24	EAN/UCC Code 128	1-10	0
25	UPC-A	2-4	0
26	UPC-A with 2 digit add-on	2-4	0
27	UPC-A with 5 digit add-on	2-4	0
28	UPC-E	2-4	0
29	UPC-E with 2 digit add-on	2-4	0
30	UPC-E with 5 digit add-on	2-4	0
31	UPC Interleaved 2 of 5	1-10	2-30

➤ *nNarrowBar*

Narrow bar width in dots. (See above table)

➤ *nWideBar*

Wide bar width in dots. Acceptable values are 2-30. (See above table)

➤ *bHuman*

Print human readable code. 1=Enable, 0=Disable.

➤ *nDataLen*

Length of printing out data.

➤ *pData*

Print out data.

## Remarks

## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];
```

```
int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));
    return;
}

SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches

PrintBarcode(1.0f, 1.0f, 0.3f, 0, 1, 1, 2, TRUE, 5, "12345"); //fBarHeight=0.3,
nRotation=0, nBarType=Code39, nNarrowBar=1, nWideBar=2, bHuman=Enabl
PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);

PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## PrintBox

---

This function can print a box.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintBox(float fX1, float fY1, int nThickness, float fX2, float fY2);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PrintBox Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fX1 As Single, ByVal fY1 As Single, ByVal nThickness As Long, ByVal fX2 As Single, ByVal fY2 As Single) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function PrintBox (fX1:Single; fY1:Single; nThickness:integer; fX2:Single; fY2:Single):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintBox(float fX1, float fY1, int nThickness, float fX2, float fY2);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *fX1*  
Horizontal start position (X) in library [measurement](#).
- *fY1*  
Vertical start position (Y) in library [measurement](#).
- *nThickness*  
Line thickness in dots.
- *fX2*  
Horizontal end position (X) in library [measurement](#).
- *fY2*  
Vertical end position (Y) in library [measurement](#).

## Remarks

## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));
}
```

```
    return;  
}
```

```
SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches  
PrintBox(0.5f, 0.5f, 12, 1.0f, 1.0f); // (0.5, 0.5) to (1, 1) inch with 12 dots thickness  
PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);  
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## PrintDataMatrix

---

This function can print a DataMatrix barcode.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintDataMatrix(float fX, float fY, int nRotation, int nColumns, int nRows, int nSquare, BOOL bInverseImage, int nDataLen, char* pData);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PrintDataMatrix Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fX As Single, ByVal fY As Single, ByVal nRotation As Long, ByVal nColumns As Long, ByVal nRows As Long, ByVal nSquare As Long, ByVal bInverseImage As Long, ByVal nDataLen As Long, ByVal pData As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function PrintDataMatrix (fX:Single; fY:Single; nRotation:integer; nColumns:integer; nRows:integer; nSquare:integer; bInverseImage:integer; nDataLen:integer; pData:string):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintDataMatrix(float fX, float fY, int nRotation, int nColumns, int nRows, int nSquare, int bInverseImage, int nDataLen, string pData);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *fX*  
Horizontal start position (X) in library [measurement](#).
- *fY*  
Vertical start position (Y) in library [measurement](#).

- *nRotation*

Value	Description
0	No rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

- *nColumns*

Number of columns to encode.

- *nRows*

Number of rows to encode.

- *nSquare*

Sets the minimum square data module size used for encoding data. Range: 1~40

- *bInverseImage*

Selects an inverse image of the barcode. 1=inverse, 0=normal.

- *nDataLen*  
Length of printing out data.
- *pData*  
Print out data.

## Remarks

## Example

```

int nRotation = 0;
int nColumns = 10;
int nRows = 10;
int nSquare = 4;
BOOL bInverseImage = FALSE;
int nDataLen = 5;
char *pData = "12345";

char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count
PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port
if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));
    return;
}

SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches

PrintDataMatrix(0.8f, 0.8f, nRotation, nColumns, nRows, nSquare, bInverseImage,
nDataLen, pData);

PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);
PortClose();

```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## PrintLine

---

This function can print a line.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintLine(float fX, float fY, float fHoriLength, float fVertLength, int nDrawMethod);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PrintLine Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fX As Single, ByVal fY As Single, ByVal fHoriLength As Single, ByVal fVertLength As Single, ByVal nDrawMethod As Long) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function PrintLine (fX: Single; fY: Single; fHoriLength: Single; fVertLength: Single; nDrawMethod: integer): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintLine(float fX, float fY, float fHoriLength, float fVertLength, int nDrawMethod);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *fX*  
Horizontal start position (X) in library [measurement](#).
- *fY*  
Vertical start position (Y) in library [measurement](#).
- *fHoriLength*  
Horizontal length in library [measurement](#).
- *fVertLength*  
Vertical length in library [measurement](#).
- *nDrawMethod*

Value	Description
<b>0</b>	Line Draw Black
<b>1</b>	Line Draw White
<b>2</b>	Line Draw Exclusive OR

## Remarks

## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port
```



```
if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));
    return;
}

SetMeasurement(0, 0); // dots
PrintLine(50, 100, 200, 5, 0); // Black Line
PrintLine(100, 50, 5, 200, 0); // Black Line
PrintLine(150, 50, 5, 200, 1); // White Line
PrintLine(200, 50, 5, 200, 2); // Exclusive OR Line
PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## PrintImage

---

Send an image file to printer and print out it with monochrome.

<b>C++</b>
<pre> BOOL PrintImage(float fX, float fY, float fWidth, float fHeight, int nRotation, BOOL bErrorDiffusion, char* pFileName); </pre>
<b>Visual Basic</b>
<pre> Private Declare Function PrintImage Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fX As Single, ByVal fY As Single, ByVal fWidth As Single, ByVal fHeight As Single, ByVal nRotation As Long, ByVal bErrorDiffusion As Long, ByVal pFileName As String) As Long </pre>
<b>Delphi</b>
<pre> function PrintImage (fX: Single; fY: Single; fWidth: Single; fHeight: Single; nRotation: integer; bErrorDiffusion: integer; pFileName: string): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL'; </pre>
<b>CSharp</b>
<pre> [DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintImage(float fX, float fY, float fWidth, float fHeight, int nRotation, int bErrorDiffusion, string pFileName); </pre>

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

➤ *fX*

Horizontal start position (X) in library [measurement](#).

➤ *fY*

Vertical start position (Y) in library [measurement](#).

➤ *fWidth*

Image Width in library [measurement](#). If set -1, it will be original size.

➤ *fHeight*

Image Height in library [measurement](#). If set -1, it will be original size.

➤ *nRotation*

Value	Description
0	No rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

➤ *bErrorDiffusion*

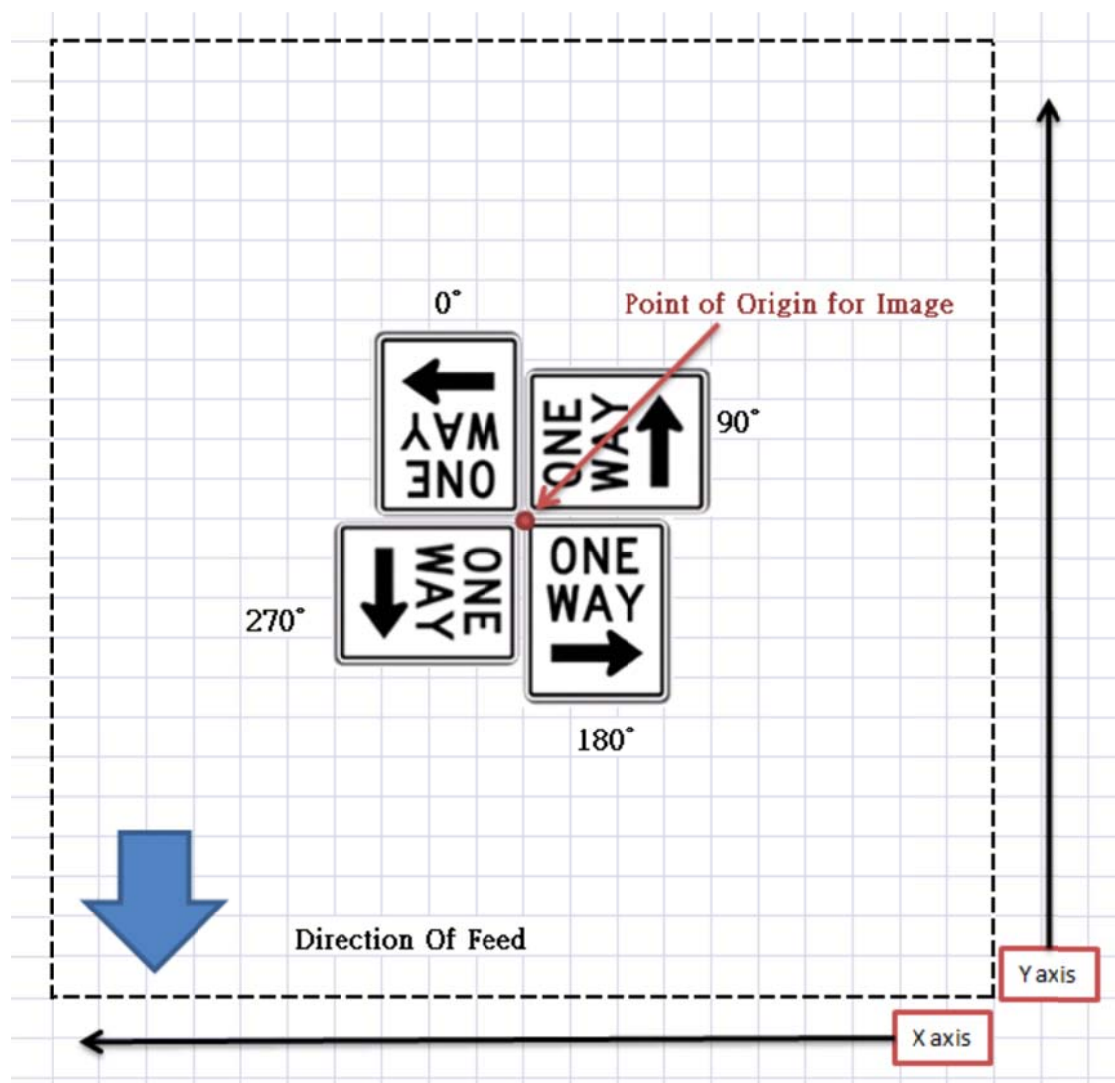
If set 1, this function will decreases color to monochrome with error diffusion mode.

➤ *pFileName*

Image file name with path. It supports gif, jpg, jif, jpeg, png, tif, tiff, ico, bmp, dib and pcx formats.

## Remarks

Printing drawing.



Print out color Image.

Original image	Decrease color to monochrome	Decrease color to monochrome with error-diffusion

## Example

```

char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches

PrintImage(0.5f, 0.2f, -1, -1, 0, 1, "TestImage.jpg"); // nWidth=-1(Original Size),
nHeight=-1(Original Size), bErrorDiffusion=1

PrintImage(3.0f, 0.2f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 0, 0, "TestImage.jpg"); // nWidth=-1(Original Size),
nHeight=-1(Original Size), bErrorDiffusion=1

PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);

PortClose();

```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## PrintMaxiCode

---

This function can print a MaxiCode barcode.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintMaxiCode(float fX, float fY, int nRotation, int nMode, int nDataLen, char* pData);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PrintMaxiCode Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fX As Single, ByVal fY As Single, ByVal nRotation As Long, ByVal nMode As Long, ByVal nDataLen As Long, ByVal pData As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function PrintMaxiCode (fX: Single; fY: Single; nRotation: integer; nMode: integer; nDataLen: integer; pData: string): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintMaxiCode(float fX, float fY, int nRotation, int nMode, int nDataLen, string pData);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

➤ *fX*

Horizontal start position (X) in library [measurement](#).

➤ *fY*

Vertical start position (Y) in library [measurement](#).

➤ *nRotation*

Value	Description
0	No rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

➤ *nMode*

Mode Selection.

Value	Description
0	Automatic selection mode 2 or 3
2	Mode 2
3	Mode 3
4	Mode 4
6	Mode 6

➤ *nDataLen*

Length of printing out data.

➤ *pData*

Print out data.

## Remarks

## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

SetAfterPrint (1, 0); // Enable Tear-Off mode after printing.

SetMeasurement(1, 200); // inches, 200 dpi printer

PrintBarcode(1.0f, 1.0f, 0.3f, 0, 1, 1, 2, TRUE, 5, "12345"); //fBarHeight=0.3,
nRotation=0, nBarType=Code39, nNarrowBar=1, nWideBar=2, bHuman=Enabl

PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## PrintParagraphA, PrintParagraphW

---

PrintParagraphA can print a paragraph with true type font.

PrintParagraphW can print a Unicode paragraph with true type font.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintParagraphA(float fX, float fY, float fRangeWidth, int nAlignment, int nFontH, int nFontW, int nRotation, int nStyle, BOOL bUnderline, BOOL bWhitOnBlack, char* pFaceName, char* pText);
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintParagraphW(float fX, float fY, float fRangeWidth, int nAlignment, int nFontH, int nFontW, int nRotation, int nStyle, BOOL bUnderline, BOOL bWhitOnBlack, TCHAR* ptcFaceName, TCHAR* ptcText);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PrintParagraphA Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fX As Single, ByVal fY As Single, ByVal fRangeWidth As Single, ByVal nAlignment As Integer, ByVal nFontH As Long, ByVal nFontW As Long, ByVal nRotation As Long, ByVal nStyle As Long, ByVal bUnderline As Long, ByVal bWhitOnBlack As Long, ByVal pFaceName As String, ByVal pText As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function PrintParagraphA (fX: Single; fY: Single; fRangeWidth: Single; nAlignment: integer; nFontH: integer; nFontW: integer; nRotation: integer; nStyle: integer; bUnderline: integer; bWhitOnBlack: integer; pFaceName: string; pText: string): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
function PrintParagraphW (fX: Single; fY: Single; fRangeWidth: Single; nAlignment: integer; nFontH: integer; nFontW: integer; nRotation: integer; nStyle: integer; bUnderline: integer; bWhitOnBlack: integer; pFaceName: WideString; pText: WideString): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintParagraphA(float fX, float fY, float fRangeWidth, int nAlignment, int nFontH, int nFontW, int nRotation, int nStyle, int bUnderline, int bWhitOnBlack, string pFaceName, string pText);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *fX*  
Horizontal start position (X) in library [measurement](#).
- *fY*  
Vertical start position (Y) in library [measurement](#).
- *fRangeWidth*  
The width of the printable area in horizontal alignment. (By measurement)
- *nAlignment*

Value	Description
0	Right Side
1	Centered
2	Left Side

➤ *nFontH*

Font height in point size. (like as office word)

➤ *nFontW*

Font average width. If set it -1, it will use default width.

➤ *nRotation*

Value	Description
0	No rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

➤ *nStyle*

Value	Description
0	Regular
1	Italic
2	Bold
3	Bold and Italic

➤ *bUnderline*

Specifies an underlined font if set to 1.

➤ *bWhitOnBlack*

Specifies a black background and white text font if set to 1.

➤ *pFaceName*

Specifies a null-terminated string that specifies the typeface name of the font.

➤ *pText*

Print out data.

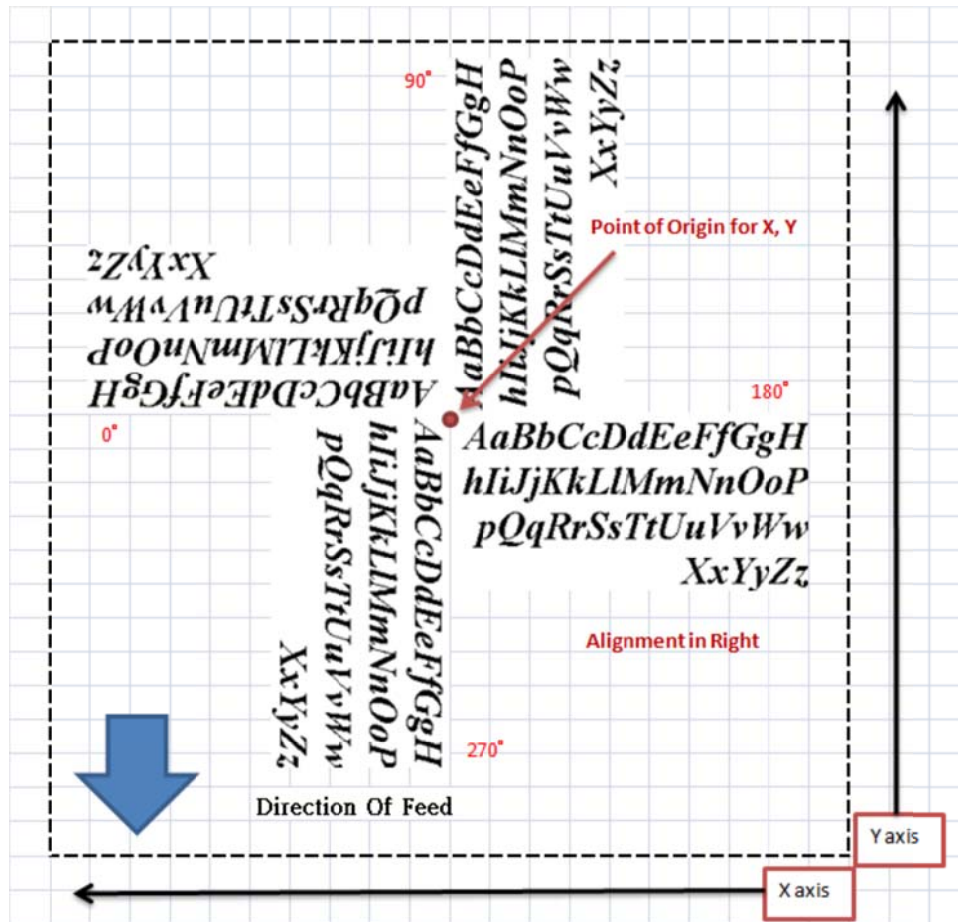
➤ *ptcText*

Print out data that supports Unicode.

## Remarks

- If you want to use Unicode in VB, please chose the **PrintParagraphW ()** function.
- Printing drawing.





## Example

```

char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches

SetMedia_LabelWithGaps(4, 3, 0.16f, 0); // W=4 inch, H=3Inch, GapLen=32 dots,
GapOffset=0;

SetPrinter(3, 8, 1); // nSpeed=3, nDarkness=8, bDirectThermal=1;

```

```

PrintParagraphA(2.0f, 1.5f, 1.5, 2, 12, -1, 0, 3, 0, 0, "Times New Roman",
"AaBbCcDdEeFfGgHhIiJjKkLlMmNnOoPpQqRrSsTtUuVvWwXxYyZz"); // nFontH=12,
nFontW=-1, nRotation=0, nStyle=3(Bold and Italic), bUnderline=0, bWhiteOnBlack=1

PrintParagraphA(2.0f, 1.5f, 1.5, 2, 12, -1, 1, 3, 0, 0, "Times New Roman",
"AaBbCcDdEeFfGgHhIiJjKkLlMmNnOoPpQqRrSsTtUuVvWwXxYyZz"); // nFontH=12,
nFontW=-1, nRotation=0, nStyle=3(Bold and Italic), bUnderline=0, bWhiteOnBlack=1

PrintParagraphA(2.0f, 1.5f, 1.5, 2, 12, -1, 2, 3, 0, 0, "Times New Roman",
"AaBbCcDdEeFfGgHhIiJjKkLlMmNnOoPpQqRrSsTtUuVvWwXxYyZz"); // nFontH=12,
nFontW=-1, nRotation=0, nStyle=3(Bold and Italic), bUnderline=0, bWhiteOnBlack=1

PrintParagraphA(2.0f, 1.5f, 1.5, 2, 12, -1, 3, 3, 0, 0, "Times New Roman",
"AaBbCcDdEeFfGgHhIiJjKkLlMmNnOoPpQqRrSsTtUuVvWwXxYyZz"); // nFontH=12,
nFontW=-1, nRotation=0, nStyle=3(Bold and Italic), bUnderline=0, bWhiteOnBlack=1

PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);

PortClose();

```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## PrintPDF417

---

This function can print a PDF-417 barcode.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintPDF417(float fX, float fY, int nRotation, int nCorrectionLevel, BOOL bCompression, int nModuleWidth, int nBarHeight, int nMaxColumns, int nMaxRows, int nTruncated, int nDataLen, char* pData)
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PrintPDF417 Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fX As Single, ByVal fY As Single, ByVal nRotation As Long, ByVal nCorrectionLevel As Long, ByVal bCompression As Long, ByVal nModuleWidth As Long, ByVal nBarHeight As Long, ByVal nMaxColumns As Long, ByVal nMaxRows As Long, ByVal nTruncated As Long, ByVal nDataLen As Long, ByVal pData As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function PrintPDF417 (fX:Single; fY:Single; nRotation:integer; nCorrectionLevel:integer; bCompression:integer; nModuleWidth:integer; nBarHeight:integer; nMaxColumns:integer; nMaxRows:integer; nTruncated:integer; nDataLen:integer; pData:string):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintPDF417(float fX, float fY, int nRotation, int nCorrectionLevel, int bCompression, int nModuleWidth, int nBarHeight, int nMaxColumns, int nMaxRows, int nTruncated, int nDataLen, string pData);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *fX*  
Horizontal start position (X) in library [measurement](#).

- *fY*  
Vertical start position (Y) in library [measurement](#).

- *nRotation*

Value	Description
0	No rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

- *nCorrectionLevel*

Sets error correction level Error Correction codewords per symbol, Values: 0~8

- *bCompression*

Selects data compaction (compression) method, Values: 0=Auto-encoding, 1=Binary-mode

- *nModuleWidth*

Maximum print width in dots, Range: 2~9

➤ *nBarHeight*

Set bar height (in dots), Range: 4~99

➤ *nMaxColumns*

Maximum column count, Range: 1~30

➤ *nMaxRows*

Maximum row count, Range: 4~90 (When data is one character, the value must be started from 4.

➤ *nTruncated*

Truncated flag - legal values: 0=not truncated, 1=truncated

➤ *nDataLen*

Length of printing out data.

➤ *pData*

Print out data.

## Remarks

## Example

```
int nCorrectionLevel = 1;
BOOL bCompression = 0;
int nModuleWidth = 1;
int nBarHeight = 4;
int nMaxColumns = 1;
int nMaxRows = 10;
int nTruncated = 1;
int nDataLen = 5;
char *pData = "12345";

char acPortBuffer[40];
int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count
PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port
if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));
    return;
}
```

```
SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches
```

```
PrintPDF417(0.2f, 0.2f, 0, nCorrectionLevel, bCompression, nModuleWidth, nBarHeight,  
nMaxColumns, nMaxRows, nTruncated, nDataLen, pData); // nRotation=0,
```

```
PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);
```

```
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## PrintQRcode

---

This function can print a QR code barcode.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintQRcode(float fX, float fY, int nRotation, int nErrorCorrection, int nModel, int nMaskNumber, int nPixel, int nDataLen, char* pData);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PrintQRcode Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fX As Single, ByVal fY As Single, ByVal nRotation As Integer, ByVal nErrorCorrection As Integer, ByVal nModel As Integer, ByVal nMaskNumber As Integer, ByVal nPixel As Integer, ByVal nDataLen As Integer, ByVal pData As String) As Integer
<b>Delphi</b>
function PrintQRcode (fX:Single; fY:Single; nRotation:integer; nErrorCorrection:integer; nModel:integer; nMaskNumber:integer; nPixel:integer; nDataLen:integer; pData:string):integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintQRcode(float fX, float fY, int nRotation, int nErrorCorrection, int nModel, int nMaskNumber, int nPixel, int nDataLen, string pData);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

➤ *fX*

Horizontal start position (X) in library [measurement](#).

➤ *fY*

Vertical start position (Y) in library [measurement](#).

➤ *nRotation*

Value	Description
0	No rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

➤ *nErrorCorrection*

Use the Reed–Solomon error correction algorithm with four error correction levels. The higher the error correction level, the less storage capacity. The following table lists the approximate error correction capability at each of the four levels:

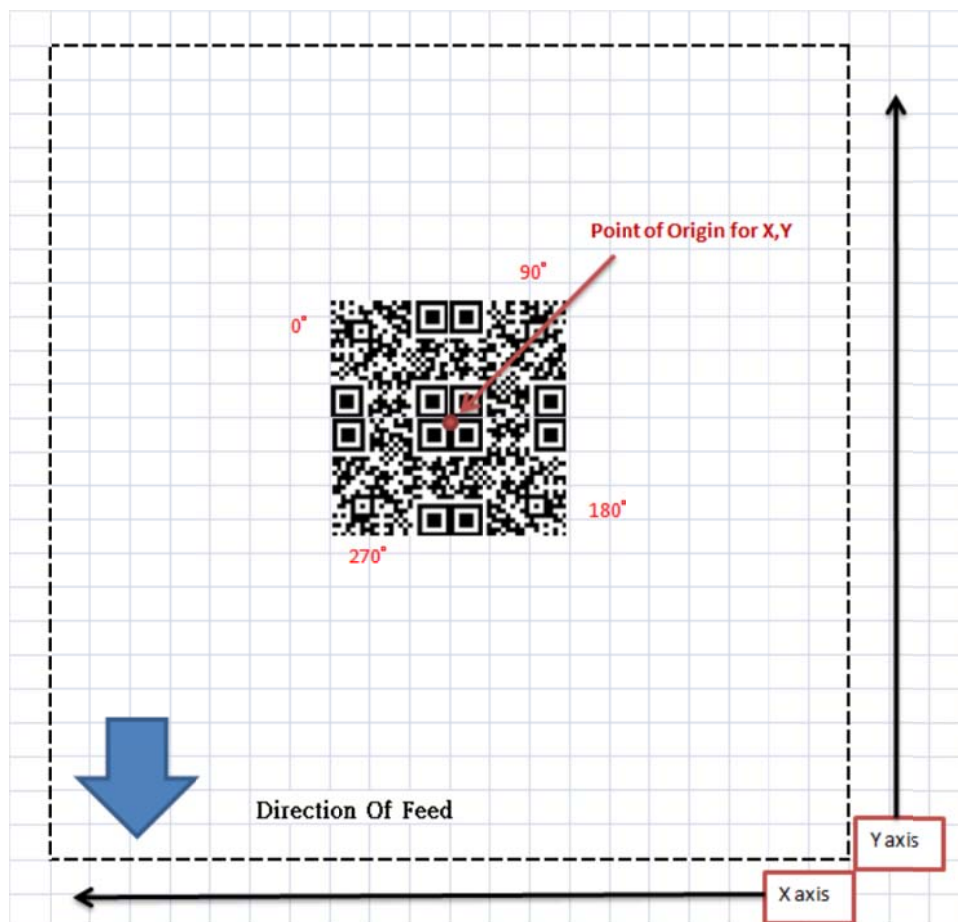
Value	Description
0	L - Recovery 7%
1	M - Recovery 15%
2	Q - Recovery 25%

**3** H - Recovery 30%

- *nModel*  
Sets QR code mode, normally the value is 1 or 2, Values: 0~8.
- *nMaskNumber*  
Set the mask number of QR code. Values: 0 ~ 7
- *nPixel*  
The QR code base dots. Value: 1 ~ 20
- *nDataLen*  
Length of printing out data.
- *pData*  
Print out data.

**Remarks**

Printing drawing.

**Example**

```

int nErrorCorrection = 0;
int nModel = 2;
int nMaskNumber = 0;
int nPixel = 4;
int nDataLen = 5;
char *pData = "12345";
char acPortBuffer[40];
int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count
PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port
if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));
    return;
}

SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches
SetMedia_LabelWithGaps(4.f, 3.0f, 0.16f, 0); // W=4 inch, H=3Inch, GapLen=32 dots,
GapOffset=0;
SetPrinter(3, 8, 1); // nSpeed=3, nDarkness=8, bDirectThermal=1;
PrintQRcode(2.0f, 1.5f, 0, nErrorCorrection, nModel, nMaskNumber, nPixel, nDataLen,
pData);
PrintQRcode(2.0f, 1.5f, 1, nErrorCorrection, nModel, nMaskNumber, nPixel, nDataLen,
pData);
PrintQRcode(2.0f, 1.5f, 2, nErrorCorrection, nModel, nMaskNumber, nPixel, nDataLen,
pData);
PrintQRcode(2.0f, 1.5f, 3, nErrorCorrection, nModel, nMaskNumber, nPixel, nDataLen,
pData);
PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);
PortClose();

```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)



## PrintText

---

This function can print a text with printer internal font.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintText(float fX, float fY, int nRotation, int nFontID, int nFontHor, int nFontVer, BOOL bReverse, int nDataLen, char* pData);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PrintText Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fX As Single, ByVal fY As Single, ByVal nRotation As Long, ByVal nFontID As Long, ByVal nFontHor As Long, ByVal nFontVer As Long, ByVal bReverse As Long, ByVal nDataLen As Long, ByVal pData As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function PrintText (fX: Single; fY: Single; nRotation: integer; nFontID: integer; nFontHor: integer; nFontVer: integer; bReverse: integer; nDataLen: integer; pData: string): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintText(float fX, float fY, int nRotation, int nFontID, int nFontHor, int nFontVer, int bReverse, int nDataLen, string pData);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

➤ *fX*

Horizontal start position (X) in library [measurement](#).

➤ *fY*

Vertical start position (Y) in library [measurement](#).

➤ *nRotation*

Value	Description
0	No rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

➤ *nFontID*

Value	Description
1	20.3 cpi, 6 pts, (8 x 12 dots)
2	16.9 cpi, 7 pts, (10 x 16 dots)
3	14.5 cpi, 10 pts, (12 x 20 dots)
4	12.7 cpi, 12 pts, (14 x 24 dots)
5	5.6 cpi, 24 pts, (32 x 48 dots)
6	Numeric Only, (14 x 19 dots)
7	Numeric Only, (14 x 19 dots)

**97~122** Soft font➤ *nFontHor*

Horizontal multiplier expands the text horizontally. Values: 1-8.

➤ *nFontVer*

Vertical multiplier expands the text vertically. Values: 1-9.

➤ *bReverse*

Value	Description
0	Normal
1	Reverse Image

➤ *nDataLen*

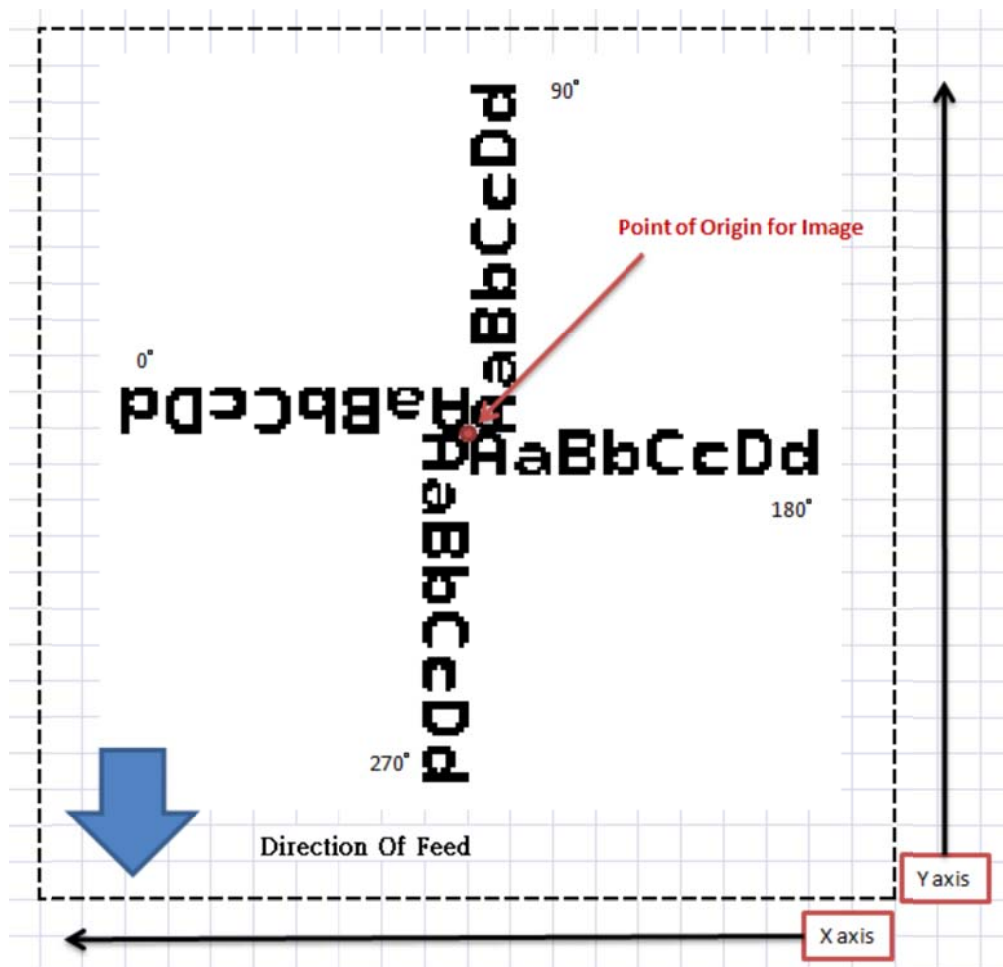
Length of printing out data.

➤ *pData*

Print out data.

**Remarks**

Printing drawing.



## Example (VC)

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)

{

    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;

}


SetMeasurement(1, 200); // inches, 200 dpi printer

PrintText(2.1f, 1.1f, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 8, "AaBbCcDd"); // X=2.1, Y=1.1 (inches), No rotation,
Font1, Hor Expand=1, Ver Expand=1, normal image

PrintLabel(0, 0, 0); // Only send data to printer without printing

PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## PrintTrueTypeFontA, PrintTrueTypeFontW

---

PrintTrueTypeA can print a normal text with true type font.

PrintTrueTypeW can print a Unicode text with true type font.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintTrueTypeFontA(float fX, float fY, int nFontH, int nFontW, int nRotation, int nStyle, BOOL bUnderline, BOOL bWhitOnBlack, char* pFaceName, char* pText);
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintTrueTypeFontW(float fX, float fY, int nFontH, int nFontW, int nRotation, int nStyle, BOOL bUnderline, BOOL bWhitOnBlack, TCHAR* ptcFaceName, TCHAR* ptcText);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PrintTrueTypeFontA Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fX As Single, ByVal fY As Single, ByVal nFontH As Long, ByVal nFontW As Long, ByVal nRotation As Long, ByVal nStyle As Long, ByVal bUnderline As Long, ByVal bWhitOnBlack As Long, ByVal pFaceName As String, ByVal pText As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function PrintTrueTypeFontA (fX:Single; fY:Single; nFontH:integer; nFontW:integer; nRotation:integer; nStyle:integer; bUnderline:integer; bWhitOnBlack:integer; pFaceName:string; pText:string):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
function PrintTrueTypeFontW (fX:Single; fY:Single; nFontH:integer; nFontW:integer; nRotation:integer; nStyle:integer; bUnderline:integer; bWhitOnBlack:integer; pFaceName:WideString; pText:WideString):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintTrueTypeFontA(float fX, float fY, int nFontH, int nFontW, int nRotation, int nStyle, int bUnderline, int bWhitOnBlack, string pFaceName, string pText);
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintTrueTypeFontW(float fX, float fY, int nFontH, int nFontW, int nRotation, int nStyle, int bUnderline, int bWhitOnBlack, string ptcFaceName, string ptcText);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *fX*  
Horizontal start position (X) in library [measurement](#).
- *fY*  
Vertical start position (Y) in library [measurement](#).
- *nFontH*  
Font height in point size. (like as office word)
- *nFontW*  
Font average width. If set it -1, it will use default width.
- *nRotation*

Value	Description
0	No rotation
1	90 degrees
2	180 degrees
3	270 degrees

➤ *nStyle*

Value	Description
0	Regular
1	Italic
2	Bold
3	Bold and Italic

➤ *bUnderline*

Specifies an underlined font if set to 1.

➤ *bWhitOnBlack*

Specifies a black background and white text font if set to 1.

➤ *pFaceName*

Specifies a null-terminated string that specifies the typeface name of the font.

➤ *pText*

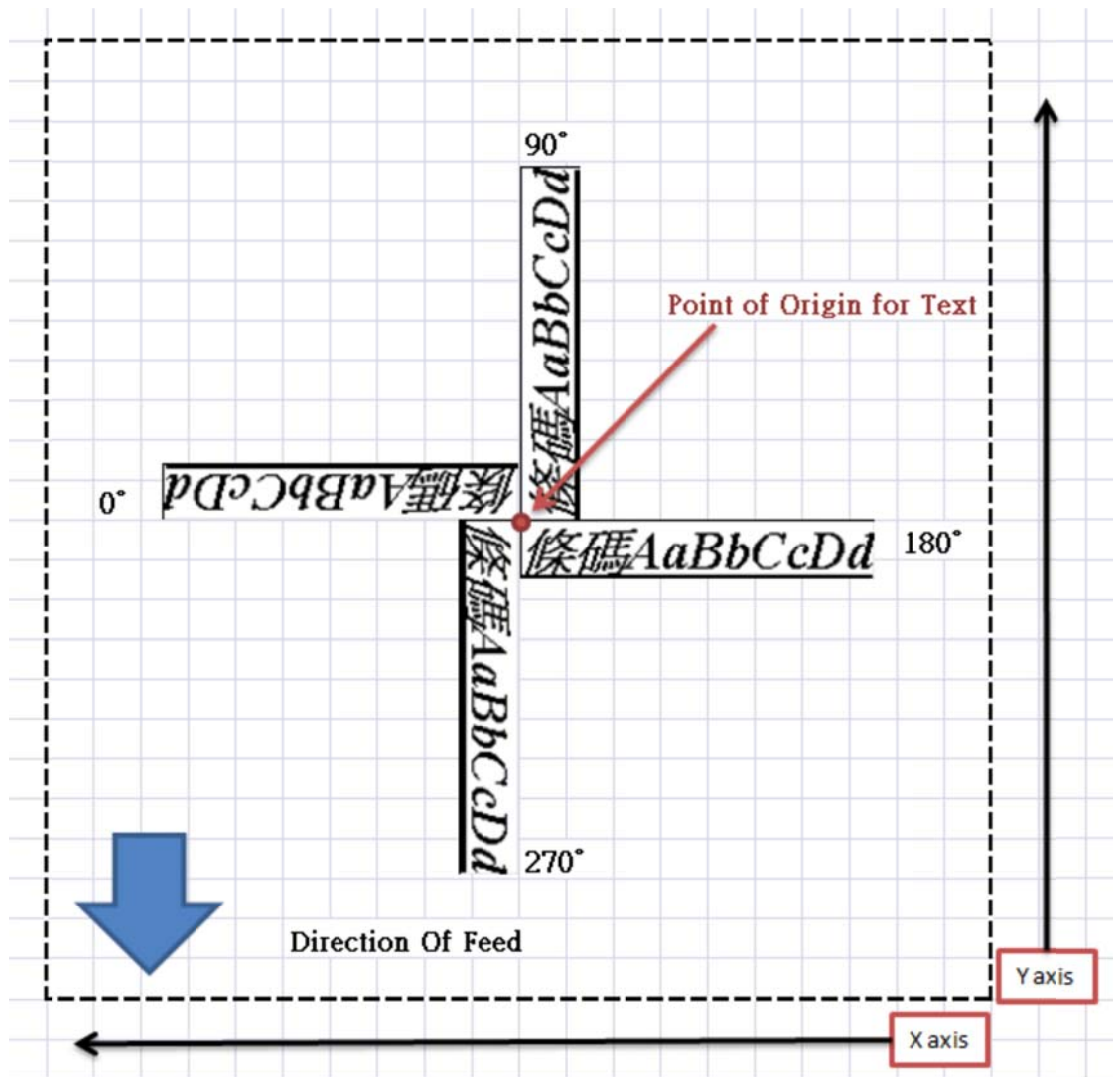
Print out data.

➤ *ptcText*

Print out data that supports Unicode.

## Remarks

- If you want to use Unicode in VB, please chose the **PrintTrueTypeA()** function.
- Printing drawing.



## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches
```

```
PrintTrueTypeFontA(1.0f, 1.0f, 12, -1, 0, 3, 0, 1, "Times New Roman", "AaBbCcDd"); //  
nFontH=12, nFontW=-1, nRotation=0, nStyle=3(Bold and Italic), bUnderline=0,  
bWhitOnBlack=1  
  
PrintTrueTypeFontW(1.0f, 2.0f, 12, -1, 0, 3, 1, 0, _T("Times New Roman"),  
_T("AaBbCcDd")); // nFontH=12, nFontW=-1, nRotation=0, nStyle=3(Bold and Italic),  
bUnderline=1, bWhitOnBlack=0  
  
PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);  
  
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## PrintTTF\_AlignmentA, PrintTTF\_AlignmentW

---

PrintTTF\_AlignmentA can print a true type font text with alignment..

PrintTTF\_AlignmentW can print a true type font Unicode text with alignment.

<b>C++</b>
<pre>extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintTTF_AlignmentA(float fX, float fY, float fRangeWidth, int nAlignment, int nFontH, int nFontW, int nRotation, int nStyle, BOOL bUnderline, BOOL bWhitOnBlack, char* pFaceName, char* pText);  extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintParagraphW(float fX, float fY, float fRangeWidth, int nFontH, int nFontW, int nRotation, int nStyle, BOOL bUnderline, BOOL bWhitOnBlack, TCHAR* ptcFaceName, TCHAR* ptcText);</pre>
<b>Visual Basic</b>
<pre>Private Declare Function PrintTTF_AlignmentA Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fX As Single, ByVal fY As Single, ByVal fRangeWidth As Single, ByVal nAlignment As Integer, ByVal nFontH As Long, ByVal nFontW As Long, ByVal nRotation As Long, ByVal nStyle As Long, ByVal bUnderline As Long, ByVal bWhitOnBlack As Long, ByVal pFaceName As String, ByVal pText As String) As Long</pre>
<b>Delphi</b>
<pre>function PrintTTF_AlignmentA (fX: Single; fY: Single; fRangeWidth: Single; nAlignment: integer; nFontH: integer; nFontW: integer; nRotation: integer; nStyle: integer; bUnderline: integer; bWhitOnBlack: integer; pFaceName: string; pText: string): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';  function PrintTTF_AlignmentW (fX: Single; fY: Single; fRangeWidth: Single; nAlignment: integer; nFontH: integer; nFontW: integer; nRotation: integer; nStyle: integer; bUnderline: integer; bWhitOnBlack: integer; pFaceName: WideString; pText: WideString): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';</pre>
<b>CShap</b>
<pre>[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintTTF_AlignmentA(float fX, float fY, float fRangeWidth, int nAlignment, int nFontH, int nFontW, int nRotation, int nStyle, int bUnderline, int bWhitOnBlack, string pFaceName, string pText);  [DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintTTF_AlignmentW(float fX, float fY, float fRangeWidth, int nAlignment, int nFontH, int nFontW, int nRotation, int nStyle, int bUnderline, int bWhitOnBlack, string ptcFaceName, string ptcText);</pre>

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *fX*  
Horizontal start position (X) in library [measurement](#).
- *fY*  
Vertical start position (Y) in library [measurement](#).
- *fRangeWidth*  
The width of the printable area in horizontal alignment. (By measurement)
- *nAlignment*

Value	Description
-------	-------------



<b>0</b>	Right Side
<b>1</b>	Centered
<b>2</b>	Left Side

➤ *nFontH*

Font height in point size. (like as office word)

➤ *nFontW*

Font average width. If set it -1, it will use default width.

➤ *nRotation*

Value	Description
<b>0</b>	No rotation
<b>1</b>	90 degrees
<b>2</b>	180 degrees
<b>3</b>	270 degrees

➤ *nStyle*

Value	Description
<b>0</b>	Regular
<b>1</b>	Italic
<b>2</b>	Bold
<b>3</b>	Bold and Italic

➤ *bUnderline*

Specifies an underlined font if set to 1.

➤ *bWhitOnBlack*

Specifies a black background and white text font if set to 1.

➤ *pFaceName*

Specifies a null-terminated string that specifies the typeface name of the font.

➤ *pText*

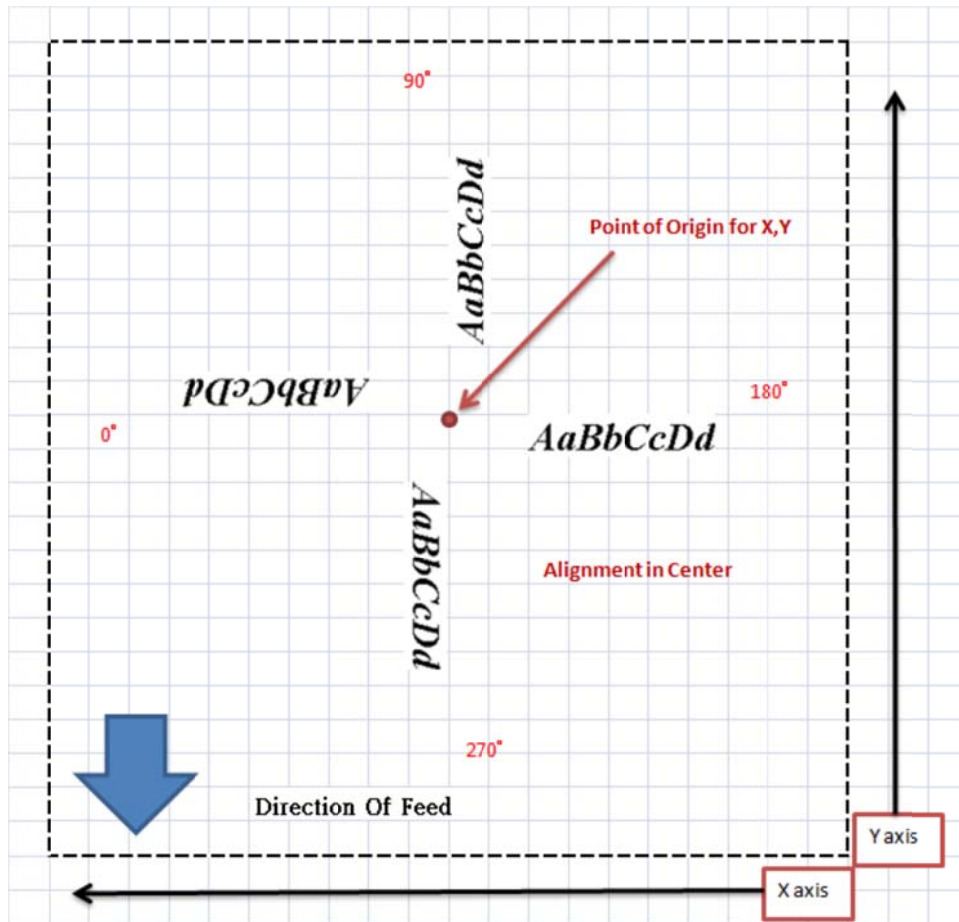
Print out data.

➤ *ptcText*

Print out data that supports Unicode.

## Remarks

- If you want to use Unicode in VB, please chose the **PrintTrueTypeA()** function.
- Printing drawing.



## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

SetMeasurement(1, 0); // inches

SetMedia_LabelWithGaps(4, 3, 0.16f, 0); // W=4 inch, H=3Inch, GapLen=32 dots,
GapOffset=0;

SetPrinter(3, 8, 1); // nSpeed=3, nDarkness=8, bDirectThermal=1;
```

```

PrintTTF_AlignmentA(2.0f, 1.5f, 1.5, 2, 12, -1, 0, 3, 0, 0, "Times New Roman",
"AaBbCcDd"); // nFontH=12, nFontW=-1, nRotation=0, nStyle=3(Bold and Italic),
bUnderline=0, bWhitOnBlack=0

PrintTTF_AlignmentA(2.0f, 1.5f, 1.5, 2, 12, -1, 1, 3, 0, 0, "Times New Roman",
"AaBbCcDd"); // nFontH=12, nFontW=-1, nRotation=1, nStyle=3(Bold and Italic),
bUnderline=0, bWhitOnBlack=0

PrintTTF_AlignmentA(2.0f, 1.5f, 1.5, 2, 12, -1, 2, 3, 0, 0, "Times New Roman",
"AaBbCcDd"); // nFontH=12, nFontW=-1, nRotation=2, nStyle=3(Bold and Italic),
bUnderline=0, bWhitOnBlack=0

PrintTTF_AlignmentA(2.0f, 1.5f, 1.5, 2, 12, -1, 3, 3, 0, 0, "Times New Roman",
"AaBbCcDd"); // nFontH=12, nFontW=-1, nRotation=3, nStyle=3(Bold and Italic),
bUnderline=0, bWhitOnBlack=0

PrintLabel(1, 1, 0);

PortClose();

```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## PrintLabel

---

This function can end functions of printing and setting to start printer to print patterns.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall PrintLabel(int nSet, int nCopy, BOOL bReverse);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function PrintLabel Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nSet As Long, ByVal nCopy As Long, ByVal bReverse As Long) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function PrintLabel (nSet:integer; nCopy:integer; bReverse:integer):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool PrintLabel(int nSet, int nCopy, int bReverse);


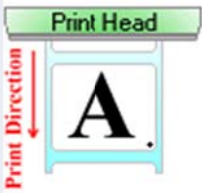
## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *nSet*  
Number of label sets. Range: 1 to 65535
- *nCopy*  
Number of copies of each label. Range: 1 to 65535
- *bReverse*  
Set the print orientation.

Value	= 0	= 1
Description	Normal	Reversed
		

## Remarks

## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)

{
```

```

    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;

}

```

```

SetAfterPrint (1, 0); // Enable Tear-Off mode after printing.

PrintLabel(0, 0, 0); // Only send data to printer without printing

PortClose();

```

## See Also

[Printing Functions](#), [SetMeasurement](#)

## FORM FUNCTIONS

Name	Description
<a href="#">FormCheck</a>	This function can check the form name from the printer to confirm that the form name already exists in the printer.
<a href="#">FormExecute</a>	This function can perform printer form.
<a href="#">FormParameterData</a>	This function can send the data of form parameter to the printer.
<a href="#">FormPrint</a>	This function can send label set and label copies to printer to print the form.
<a href="#">FormSaveByFileA</a> , <a href="#">FormSaveByFileW</a>	This function can save form file to printer.

## FormCheck

---

This function can check the form name from the printer to confirm that the form name already exists in the printer.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall FormCheck (char* pFormName);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function FormSaveByFileA Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal pFileName As String) As Integer
<b>Delphi</b>
function FormCheck (pFormName: string):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool FormCheck(string pFormName);

## Return Value

Returns TRUE if the form name is identical with printer's form name.

## Parameters

➤ *pFormName*

Form name.

## Example (VC)

Please refer the [example](#).

## See Also

[Form Functions](#), [Port Functions](#)

## FormExecute

---

This function can perform printer form.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall FormExecute (char* pFormName);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function FormExecute Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal pFormName As String) As Integer
<b>Delphi</b>
function FormExecute (pFormName: string): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool FormExecute(string pFormName);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

➤ *pFormName*

Form name.

## Example (VC)

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)

{

    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;

}

//===== Send form file to printer

if(!FormCheck("TRUNCATION"))

{
```

```

int nDataLen = FormSaveByFileA("Sample_Truncation_Form.prn");

if(nDataLen == 0)

{

    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open file!"));

    PortClose();

    return;

}

}

//===== Send Parameter Data to printer

FormExecute("TRUNCATION"); // Send command to printer to execute form by form name
"TRUNCATION".

FormParameterData("FF12345678");

FormParameterData("RR87654321");

FormPrint(1,1);

PortClose();

AfxMessageBox(_T("--- Test End ---"));

```

## See Also

[Form Functions](#), [Port Functions](#)



## FormParameterData

---

This function can send the data of form parameter to the printer.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall FormParameterData (char* pData);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function FormParameterData Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal pData As String) As Integer
<b>Delphi</b>
function FormParameterData (pData: string): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool FormParameterData(string pData);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

➤ *pData*

Form parameter data.

## Example (VC)

Please refer the [example](#).

## See Also

[Form Functions](#), [Port Functions](#)

## FormPrint

---

This function can send label set and label copies to printer to print the form.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall FormPrint (int nSet, int nCopy);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function FormPrint Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nSet As Integer, ByVal nCopy As Integer) As Integer
<b>Delphi</b>
function FormPrint (nSet:integer; nCopy:integer):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool FormPrint(int nSet, int nCopy);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *nSet*  
Number of label sets. Range: 1 to 65535
- *nCopy*  
Number of copies of each label. Range: 1 to 65535

## Example (VC)

Please refer the [example](#).

## See Also

[Form Functions](#), [Port Functions](#)

## FormSaveByFileA, FormSaveByFileW

---

This function can save form file to printer.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall FormSaveByFileA(char* pFileName); extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall FormSaveByFileW(TCHAR* ptcFileName);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function FormSaveByFileA Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal pFileName As String) As Integer Private Declare Function FormSaveByFileW Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal ptcFileName As String) As Integer
<b>Delphi</b>
function FormSaveByFileA (pFileName: string): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL'; function FormSaveByFileW (ptcFileName: WideString): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern int FormSaveByFileA(string pFileName);  [DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern int FormSaveByFileW(string ptcFileName);

### Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

### Parameters

- *pFileName*  
Form file name with path.
- *ptcFileName*  
Form file name with path that supports Unicode.

### Example (VC)

Please refer the [example](#).

### See Also

[Form Functions](#), [Port Functions](#)

## DEMAND FUNCTIONS

Name	Description
<a href="#"><u>DemandCalibrationTest</u></a>	This function can demand the printer to run a calibration test.
<a href="#"><u>DemandFactoryDefaults</u></a>	This function can demand the printer to make itself to be factory defaults.
<a href="#"><u>DemandLabelFeed</u></a>	This function can demand the printer to feed out a blank label.
<a href="#"><u>DemandPrintConfiguration</u></a>	This function can demand the printer to print out a label with printer configuration.
<a href="#"><u>DemandResetPrinter</u></a>	This function can demand the printer to make a reset.

## DemandCalibrationTest

---

This function can demand the printer to run a calibration test.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall DemandCalibrationTest();
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Sub DemandCalibrationTest Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" ()
<b>Delphi</b>
Procedure DemandCalibrationTest ();stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool DemandCalibrationTest();

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Example (VC)

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

DemandCalibrationTest(); // demand the printer to run a calibration test.

PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Demand Functions](#), [Port Functions](#)

## DemandFactoryDefaults

---

This function can demand the printer to make itself to be factory defaults.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall DemandFactoryDefaults();
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Sub DemandFactoryDefaults Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" ()
<b>Delphi</b>
Procedure DemandFactoryDefaults ();stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool DemandFactoryDefaults();

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Example (VC)

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}
```

```
DemandFactoryDefaults(); // demand the printer to make itself to be factory defaults.
```

```
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Demand Functions](#), [Port Functions](#)

## DemandLabelFeed

---

This function can demand the printer to feed out a blank label.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL _stdcall DemandLabelFeed();
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Sub DemandLabelFeed Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" ()
<b>Delphi</b>
Procedure DemandLabelFeed ();stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool DemandLabelFeed();

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Example (VC)

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}
```

```
DemandLabelFeed(); // demand the printer to feed out a blank label.
```

```
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Demand Functions](#), [Port Functions](#)

## DemandPrintConfiguration

---

This function can demand the printer to print out a label with printer configuration.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall DemandPrintConfiguration();
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Sub DemandPrintConfiguration Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" ()
<b>Delphi</b>
Procedure DemandPrintConfiguration ();stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool DemandPrintConfiguration();

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Example (VC)

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

DemandPrintConfiguration(); // demand the printer to print out a label with printer
configuration.

PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Demand Functions](#), [Port Functions](#)



## DemandResetPrinter

---

This function can demand the printer to make a reset.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall DemandResetPrinter();
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Sub DemandResetPrinter Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" ()
<b>Delphi</b>
Procedure DemandResetPrinter ();stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool DemandResetPrinter();

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Example (VC)

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

DemandResetPrinter(); // demand the printer to make a reset.

PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Demand Functions](#), [Port Functions](#)

## GETTING FUNCTIONS

Name	Description
<a href="#"><u>GetEmulationType</u></a>	This function can get printer emulation type.
<a href="#"><u>GetFirmwareVersion</u></a>	This function can get printer firmware version.
<a href="#"><u>GetPrintDistance</u></a>	This function can get printed distance of printer.
<a href="#"><u>GetPrinterStatus</u></a>	This function can get current status of printer.
<a href="#"><u>GetReferencePoint</u></a>	This function can get X and Y axis.
<a href="#"><u>GetResolution</u></a>	This function can get printer resolution.
<a href="#"><u>GetSerialNumber</u></a>	This function can get printer serial number.
<a href="#"><u>GetTPH_YOffset</u></a>	This function can get Y offset of TPH.

## GetEmulationType

---

This function can get printer emulation type.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall GetEmulationType();
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function GetEmulationType Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" () As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function GetEmulationType (): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern int GetEmulationType();

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is emulation value.

Value	Description
100	PEPL

If the function fails, the return value is 0(unknown emulation), -1 (port is unopened), -2 (not support LPT1,File), -3 (Read fail).

## Remarks

## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

//PortOpen("COM1"); // not for LPT port

//PortSetupSerial(115200, 8, 0, 1, 1); // 115200 bps, 8 data-bits, no parity, 1 stop bit,
hardware flowing control.

if(GetEmulationType() == 100)
    AfxMessageBox(_T("PEPL Emulation"));

else
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't get emulation from printer"));
```

PortClose();

## See Also

[Getting Functions](#), [PortOpen](#), [PortSetupSerial](#), [PortClose](#), [Setting Functions](#)

## GetFirmwareVersion

---

This function can get printer firmware version.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall GetFirmwareVersion(char* pBuffer);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function GetFirmwareVersion Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal pBuffer As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function GetFirmwareVersion (pBuffer:pchar):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern int GetFirmwareVersion(StringBuilder pBuffer);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 0.

If the function fails, the return value is -1 (port is unopened), -2 (not support LPT1 and File), -3 (Read fail).

## Parameters

➤ *pBuffer*

Buffer for receiving a firmware string. (Max. Length: 32 bytes)

## Remarks

## Example (VC)

```
char acBuffer[32];

CString strTemp;

char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

//PortOpen("COM1"); // not for LPT port

//PortSetupSerial(115200, 8, 0, 1, 1); // 115200 bps, 8 data-bits, no parity, 1 stop bit,
hardware flowing control.
```

```
GetFirmwareVersion(acBuffer);
```

```
strTemp = acBuffer;
```

```
AfxMessageBox(strTemp);
```

```
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Getting Functions](#), [PortOpen](#), [PortSetupSerial](#), [PortClose](#), [Setting Functions](#)

## GetPrintDistance

---

This function can get printed distance of printer.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall GetPrintDistance(int nMeasurement);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function GetPrintDistance Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nMeasurement As Long) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function GetPrintDistance (nMeasurement: integer): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern int GetPrintDistance(int nMeasurement);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is distance value.

If the function fails, the return value is -1 (port is unopened), -2 (not support LPT1,File), -3 (Read fail).

## Parameters

### ➤ *nMeasurement*

Measurement of printing distance.

Value	Description
0	Dots
1	Inches
2	Centimeters
3	Millimeters

## Remarks

## Example

```
CString strTemp;

char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)

{

    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;

}
```

```
//PortOpen("COM1"); // not for LPT port

//PortSetupSerial(115200, 8, 0, 1, 1); // 115200 bps, 8 data-bits, no parity, 1 stop bit,
hardware flowing control.

int nDistanceDots = GetPrintDistance(0); // Dots

int nDistanceInchs = GetPrintDistance(1); // inchs

int nDistanceCm = GetPrintDistance(2); // CentiMeters

int nDistanceMm = GetPrintDistance(3); // Millimeters

strTemp.Format(_T("%d dots, %d inchs, %d cm, %d mm, %d km"), nDistanceDots,
nDistanceInchs, nDistanceCm, nDistanceMm, nDistanceCm/100/1000);

AfxMessageBox(strTemp);

PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Getting Functions](#), [PortOpen](#), [PortSetupSerial](#), [PortClose](#), [Setting Functions](#)



## GetPrinterStatus

---

This function can get current status of printer.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall GetPrinterStatus();
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function
<b>Delphi</b>
function GetPrinterStatus():integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern int GetPrinterStatus();

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is printer current status.

Value	Description
0	Ready
100	Feeding
101	Pausing
102	Peeling
103	On Demand
200	Label gap out
201	Label out
202	Ribbon out
203	Cover open (ready)
204	Cover open (printing)
205	TPH fail
206	Update checksum error
207	Update fail

If the function fails, the return value is -1 (port is unopened), -2 (not support LPT1,File), -3 (Read fail).

## Example

```
CString strTemp;

char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));
}
```

```
        return;
    }

    //PortOpen("COM1"); // not for LPT port

    //PortSetupSerial(115200, 8, 0, 1, 1); // 115200 bps, 8 data-bits, no parity, 1 stop bit,
    hardware flowing control.

    int nErrorCode = GetPrinterStatus();

    if( nErrorCode != 0)

        strTemp.Format(_T("Printr Status: Error Code %d"), nErrorCode);

    else

        strTemp = _T("Printr Status: Ready");

    AfxMessageBox(strTemp);

    PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Getting Functions](#), [PortOpen](#), [PortSetupSerial](#), [PortClose](#), [Setting Functions](#)

## GetReferencePoint

---

This function can get X and Y axis.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall GetReferencePoint(int nAxisType);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function GetReferencePoint Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nAxisType As Long) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function GetReferencePoint (nAxisType: integer): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern int GetReferencePoint (int nAxisType);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is X or Y axis value.

If the function fails, the return value is -1 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

➤ *nAxis*

Coordinate type.

Value	Description
0	X axis
1	Y axis

## Remarks

## Example

```
CString strTemp;

char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

//PortOpen("COM1"); // not for LPT port
```

```
//PortSetupSerial(115200, 8, 0, 1, 1); // 115200 bps, 8 data-bits, no parity, 1 stop bit,  
hardware flowing control.  
  
int nRefPointDots_X = GetReferencePoint(0);  
  
int nRefPointDots_Y = GetReferencePoint(1);  
  
strTemp.Format(_T("X axis = %d, Y axis= %d (dots) "), nRefPointDots_X,  
nRefPointDots_Y);  
  
AfxMessageBox(strTemp);  
  
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Getting Functions](#), [PortOpen](#), [PortSetupSerial](#), [PortClose](#), [Setting Functions](#)

## GetResolution

---

This function can get printer resolution.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall GetResolution();
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function GetResolution Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" () As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function GetResolution (): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern int GetResolution();

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is resolution value.

Value	Description
200	200 dpi
300	300 dpi

If the function fails, the return value is -1 (port is unopened), -2 (not support LPT1,File), -3 (Read fail).

## Remarks

## Example

```
CString strTemp;

char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

//PortOpen("COM1"); // not for LPT port

//PortSetupSerial(115200, 8, 0, 1, 1); // 115200 bps, 8 data-bits, no parity, 1 stop bit,
// hardware flowing control.

int nResolution = GetResolution();

strTemp.Format(_T("%d dpi"), nResolution);
```

```
AfxMessageBox(strTemp);
```

```
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Getting Functions](#), [PortOpen](#), [PortSetupSerial](#), [PortClose](#), [Setting Functions](#)

## GetSerialNumber

---

This function can get printer serial number.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall GetSerialNumber(char* pBuffer);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function GetSerialNumber Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal pBuffer As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function GetSerialNumber (pBuffer:pchar):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern int GetSerialNumber(StringBuilder pBuffer);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is length of serial number. (Bytes)

If the function fails, the return value is -1 (port is unopened), -2 (not support LPT1,File), -3 (Read fail).

## Parameters

### ➤ *pBuffer*

Buffer for receiving a serial number string. (Max. Length: 32 bytes)

## Remarks

## Example

```
char acBuffer[32];

CString strTemp;

char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)

{

    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;

}

//PortOpen("COM1"); // not for LPT port

//PortSetupSerial(115200, 8, 0, 1, 1); // 115200 bps, 8 data-bits, no parity, 1 stop bit,
hardware flowing control.
```

```
if(GetSerialNumber(acBuffer) > 0)
{
    strTemp = _T("Serial Number: ");
    strTemp += acBuffer;
    AfxMessageBox(strTemp);
}
else
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't get serial number"));

PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Getting Functions](#), [PortOpen](#), [PortSetupSerial](#), [PortClose](#), [Setting Functions](#)



## GetTPH\_YOffset

---

This function can get Y offset of TPH.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall GetTPH_YOffset();
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function GetTPH_YOffset Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" () As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function GetTPH_YOffset ():integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern int GetTPH_YOffset ();

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is Y-offset of TPH. Range: -720 ~ 80 dots.

If the function fails, the return value is -1 (port is unopened), -2 (not support LPT1,File), -3 (Read fail).

## Remarks

## Example

```
CString strTemp;

char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

//PortOpen("COM1"); // not for LPT port

//PortSetupSerial(115200, 8, 0, 1, 1); // 115200 bps, 8 data-bits, no parity, 1 stop bit,
hardware flowing control.

int nYOffset = GetTPH_YOffset();

strTemp.Format(_T("%d dots"), nYOffset);

AfxMessageBox(strTemp);

PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Getting Functions](#), [PortOpen](#), [PortSetupSerial](#), [PortClose](#), [Setting Functions](#)

## SETTING FUNCTIONS

Name	Description
<a href="#"><u>SetAfterPrint</u></a>	This function can enable cutter, tear-off, peel-off or normal after printing.
<a href="#"><u>SetFontCharacterSet</u></a>	This function can set the appropriate character set for printing.
<a href="#"><u>SetMeasurement</u></a>	This function can set coordinate of measurement in printing.
<a href="#"><u>SetMedia_Continuous</u></a>	This function can set width and length of continuous label, set stop-offset after printing.
<a href="#"><u>SetMedia_LabelWithGaps</u></a>	This function can set label width, label length, gap length and gap-offset of gap label.
<a href="#"><u>SetMedia_LabelWithMarks</u></a>	This function can set label width, label length, black-line length and black-line thickness offset of black-line label.
<a href="#"><u>SetPrinter</u></a>	This function can set speed, darkness and method of printing.
<a href="#"><u>SetReferencePoint</u></a>	This function can set the reference point for X and Y axes.
<a href="#"><u>SetTPH_YOffset</u></a>	This function can set the Y-offset of TPH.

## SetAfterPrint

---

This function can enable cutter, tear-off, peel-off, tap-to-print or normal after printing.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall SetAfterPrint(int nType, int nCutPiece);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function SetAfterPrint Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nType As Long, ByVal nCutPiece As Long) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function SetAfterPrint (nType:integer; nCutPiece:integer):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool SetAfterPrint(int nType, int nCutPiece);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

### ➤ *nType*

Enables type of action after printing.

You can combine options listed below by using the bitwise-OR (|) operator.

Value	Value Define in C++	Description
0	DEV_OPT_NORMAL	Normal
1	DEV_OPT_TEAR	Enable Tear-Off
2	DEV_OPT_PEEL	Enable Peel-Off
4	DEV_OPT_CUTTER	Enable Cutter
8	DEV_OPT_TAPPRINT	Enable Tap to print

### ➤ *nCutPiece*

Sets the number of labels to print prior to cut when nType is DEV\_OPT\_CUTTER. The value is between 1 - 255.

## Remarks

## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)

{
```

```
AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));  
return;  
}  
  
SetAfterPrint (DEV_OPT_TEAR, 0); // Enable Tear-Off mode after printing.  
PrintLabel(0, 0, 0); // Only send data to printer without printing  
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Setting Functions](#), [Getting Functions](#)

## SetFontCharacterSet

---

This function can set the appropriate character set for printing.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall SetFontCharacterSet(int nNumberBit, int nCharacterSet);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function SetFontCharacterSet Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nNumberBit As Long, ByVal nCharacterSet As Long) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function SetFontCharacterSet (nNumberBit:integer; nCharacterSet:integer):integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool SetFontCharacterSet(int nMeasurement, int nResolution);

### Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

### Parameters

➤ *nNumberBit*

Number of data bits - 8 for 8 bit data or 7 for 7 bit data.

➤ *nCharacterSet*

Printer Codepage/Language Support. Refer below table.

nNimberBit=8 (8 Bit Data)			nNimberBit =7 (7 Bit Data)	
nChara cterSet	Code Page	Description	nChara cterSet	Description
0	DOS_437	English-US	0	USA
1	DOS_850	Latin-1	1	British
2	DOS_852	Latin-2 (Cyrillic II/Slavic)	2	German
3	DOS_860	Portuguese	3	French
4	DOS_863	French Canadian	4	Danish
5	DOS_865	Nordic	5	Italian
6	DOS_857	Turkish	6	Spanish
7	DOS_861	Icelandic	7	Swedish
8	DOS_862	Hebrew	8	Swiss
9	DOS_855	Cyrillic		
10	DOS_866	Cyrillic CIS-1		
11	DOS_737	Greek		
12	DOS_851	Greek-1		
13	DOS_869	Greek-2		

<b>65</b>	Windows-1252	Latin 1		
<b>66</b>	Windows-1250	Latin 2		
<b>67</b>	Windows-1251	Cyrillic		
<b>68</b>	Windows-1253	Greek		
<b>69</b>	Windows-1254	Turkish		
<b>70</b>	Windows-1255	Hebrew		

## Remarks

## Example

```

char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

SetFontCharacterSet(7, 0); // 7 Bit Data with USA character Set

PrintLabel(0, 0, 0); // Only send data to printer without printing

PortClose();

```

## See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Setting Functions](#), [Getting Functions](#)

## SetMeasurement

---

This function can set coordinate of measurement in printing.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall SetMeasurement(int nMeasurement, int nResolution);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function SetMeasurement Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nMeasurement As Long, ByVal nResolution As Long) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function SetMeasurement (nMeasurement:integer; nResolution:integer):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool SetMeasurement(int nMeasurement, int nResolution);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0.

## Parameters

### ➤ *nMeasurement*

Measurement of printing coordinate or length.

Value	Description
0	Dots
1	Inches
2	Centimeters
3	Millimeters

### ➤ *nResolution*

Printer resolution.

Value	Description
0	Refer current value
200	200 Dpi Printer
300	300 Dpi Printer

## Remarks

### Example (VC)

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
```



```
{  
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));  
    return;  
}  
  
SetMeasurement(1, 200); // inches, 200 dpi printer  
PrintText(2.1f, 1.1f, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 8, "AaBbCcDd"); // X=2.1, Y=1.1 (inches), No rotation,  
Font1, Hor Expand=1, Ver Expand=1, normal image  
PrintLabel(0, 0, 0); // Only send data to printer without printing  
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Setting Functions](#), [Getting Functions](#)

## SetMedia\_Continuous

This function can set width and length of continuous label, set stop-offset after printing.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall SetMedia_Continuous(float fLabelWidth, float fLabelLen, float fStopOffset);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function SetMedia_Continuous Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fLabelWidth As Single, ByVal fLabelLen As Single, ByVal fStopOffset As Single) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function SetMedia_Continuous (fLabelWidth: Single; fLabelLen: Single; fStopOffset: Single): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool SetMedia_Continuous(float fLabelWidth, float fLabelLen, float fStopOffset);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

➤ *fLabelWidth*

The width of the printable area of the media in library [measurement](#). (See below "W" of picture1)

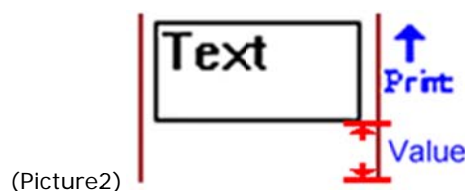
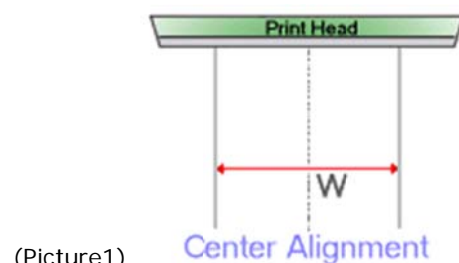
➤ *fLabelLen*

Label length in library [measurement](#). Range: 1 ~ 65535 (dots)

➤ *fStopOffset*

Stop Offset in library measurement. Range: 0~ 400 (dots) about 5.08 cm. (See below "Value" of picture2)

## Remarks



## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count
```

```
PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port  
if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)  
{  
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));  
    return;  
}  
  
SetMeasurement(0, 0); // nMeasurement=0(Dots), 1(Inches), 2(Centimeters),  
3(Millimeters); nResolution=0(Currecnt Set)  
SetMedia_Continuous(800.f, 600.f, 20.f); // W=4 inch, H=3Inch, StopOffset=0.1 inch;  
PrintLabel(0, 0, 0); // Only send data to printer without printing  
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Setting Functions](#), [Getting Functions](#)

## SetMedia\_LabelWithGaps

This function can set label width, label length, gap length and gap-offset of gap label.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall SetMedia_LabelWithGaps(float fLabelWidth, float fLabelLen, float fGapLen, float fGapOffset);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function SetMedia_LabelWithGaps Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nLabelWidth As Single, ByVal nLabelLen As Single, ByVal nGapLen As Single, ByVal nGapOffset As Single) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function SetMedia_LabelWithGaps (nLabelWidth: Single; nLabelLen: Single; nGapLen: Single; nGapOffset: Single): integer; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool SetMedia_LabelWithGaps(float nLabelWidth, float nLabelLen, float nGapLen, float nGapOffset);

## Return Value

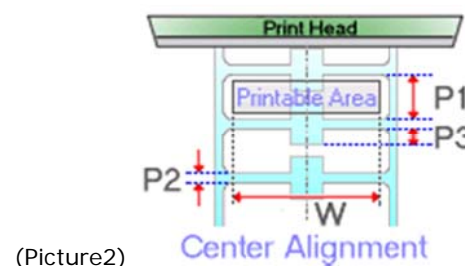
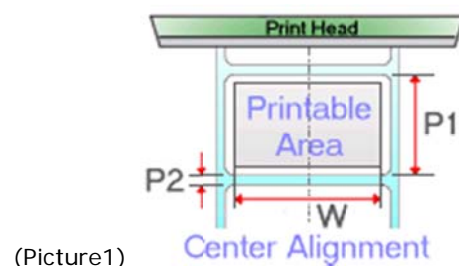
If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *fLabelWidth*  
The width of the printable area of the media in library [measurement](#). (See below "W" of picture)
- *fLabelLen*  
Label length in library [measurement](#). Range: 1 ~ 65535 (dots). (See below "P1" of picture)
- *fGapLen*  
Gap length in library [measurement](#). Range: 16~ 240 (dots) about 3 cm for 200 dpi. (See below "P2" of picture)
- *fGapOffset*  
Gap offset in library [measurement](#). Range: -80~ 80 (dots) about 1 cm for 200 dpi. (See below "P3" of picture)

## Remarks



## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)

{

    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;

}


SetMeasurement(0, 0); // nMeasurement=0(Dots), 1(Inches), 2(Centimeters),
3(Millimeters); nResolution=0(Currecnt Set)

SetMedia_LabelWithGaps(800.f, 600.f, 32.f, 0); // W=4 inch, H=3Inch, GapLen=32 dots,
GapOffset=0;

PrintLabel(0, 0, 0); // Only send data to printer without printing

PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Setting Functions](#), [Getting Functions](#)

## SetMedia\_LabelWithMarks

---

This function can set label width, label length, black-line length and black-line thickness offset of black-line label.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall SetMedia_LabelWithMarks(float fLabelWidth, float fLabelLen, float fBlackLineLen, float fThicknessOffset);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function SetMedia_LabelWithMarks Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal fLabelWidth As Single, ByVal fLabelLen As Single, ByVal fBlackLineLen As Single, ByVal fThicknessOffset As Single) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function SetMedia_LabelWithMarks (fLabelWidth:Single; fLabelLen:Single; fBlackLineLen:Single; fThicknessOffset:Single):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool SetMedia_LabelWithMarks(float fLabelWidth, float fLabelLen, float fBlackLineLen, float fThicknessOffset);

## Return Value

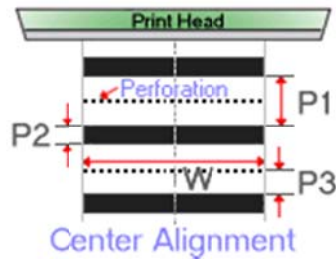
If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

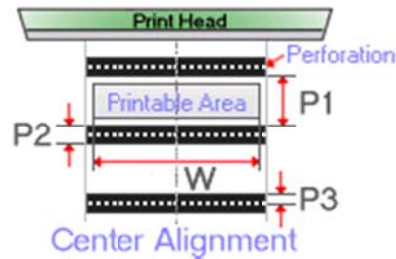
## Parameters

- *fLabelWidth*  
The width of the printable area of the media in library [measurement](#). (See below "W" of picture)
- *fLabelLen*  
Label length in library [measurement](#). Range: 1 ~ 65535 (dots). (See below "P1" of picture)
- *fBlackLineLen*  
Back-line length in library [measurement](#). Range: 16~ 240 (dots) about 3 cm for 200 dpi. (See below "P2" of picture)
- *fThicknessOffset*  
Thickness of back-line in library [measurement](#). Range: -80~ 80 (dots) about 1 cm for 200 dpi. (See below "P3" of picture)

## Remarks



(Picture1)



(Picture2)

## Example

```

char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

SetMeasurement(0, 0); // nMeasurement=0(Dots), 1(Inches), 2(Centimeters),
3(Millimeters); nResolution=0(Currecnt Set)

SetMedia_LabelWithMarks(800.f, 600.f, 40.f, 0); // W=4 inch, H=3Inch, Black-line Len=40
dots, Thickness Offset=0;

PrintLabel(0, 0, 0); // Only send data to printer without printing

PortClose();

```

## See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Setting Functions](#), [Getting Functions](#)

## SetPrinter

---

This function can set speed, darkness and method of printing.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall SetPrinter(int nSpeed, int nDarkness, BOOL bDirectThermal);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function SetPrinter Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nSpeed As Long, ByVal nDarkness As Long, ByVal bDirectThermal As Long) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function SetPrinter (nSpeed:integer; nDarkness:integer; bDirectThermal:integer):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool SetPrinter(int nSpeed, int nDarkness, int bDirectThermal);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

### ➤ *nSpeed*

Print speed.

Model	Value	Speed
T4	1	1 ips (25 mm/s)
	2	2 ips (50 mm/s)
	3	3 ips (75 mm/s)
	4	4 ips (100 mm/s)

### ➤ *nDarkness*

Print darkness.

Model	Value
T4	0 ~ 15

### ➤ *bDirectThermal*

Enable Direct-Thermal printing.

nValue	Description
0	Thermal Transfer
1	Direct Thermal

## Remarks

## Example



```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)

{

    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;

}


SetPrinter(3, 10, 1); // nSpeed=3, nDarkness=10, bDirectThermal=1;

PrintLabel(0, 0, 0); // Only send data to printer without printing

PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Setting Functions](#), [Getting Functions](#)

## SetReferencePoint

---

This function can set the reference point for X and Y axes.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall SetReferencePoint(int nHoriDot, int nVertDot);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function SetReferencePoint Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nHoriDot As Long, ByVal nVertDot As Long) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function SetReferencePoint (nHoriDot:integer; nVertDot:integer):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool SetReferencePoint(int nHoriDot, int nVertDot);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *nHoriDot*  
Horizontal (left) margin measured in dots.
- *nVertDot*  
Vertical (top) margin measured in dots.

## Remarks

## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));

    return;
}

SetReferencePoint(0, 100); // nVertDot=100, Move Y axes 100 dots.

PrintLabel(0, 0, 0); // Only send data to printer without printing
```

PortClose();

## See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Setting Functions](#), [Getting Functions](#)

## SetTPH\_YOffset

---

This function can set the Y-offset of TPH.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) BOOL __stdcall SetTPH_YOffset(int nOffsetDot);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function SetTPH_YOffset Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nOffsetDot As Long) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function SetTPH_YOffset (nOffsetDot:integer):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool SetTPH_YOffset(int nOffsetDot);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

➤ *nOffsetDot*

Y-Offset of TPH measured in dots. Range: -720 ~ 80 dots.

## Remarks

## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));
    return;
}

SetTPH_YOffset(-10); // Shift TPH Y to -10 dots.

PrintLabel(0, 0, 0); // Only send data to printer without printing

PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Port Functions](#), [Setting Functions](#), [Getting Functions](#)

## OTHER FUNCTIONS

Name	Description
<a href="#"><u>DllAbout</u></a>	This function can display an about-dialog of DLL and return a version of DLL.
<a href="#"><u>SendCmd</u></a>	This function can send a buffer of data to the printer or write some commands in dialog to send the printer.
<a href="#"><u>SendFileA,</u></a> <a href="#"><u>SendFileW</u></a>	This function can send a file to printer.
<a href="#"><u>GetScaleData</u></a>	This is a scale model can be specified so that the weight after weighing the return value, and specify from which incoming RS232.

## DllAbout

---

This function can display an about-dialog of DLL and return a version of DLL.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) double __stdcall DllAbout(BOOL bDisplay);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function DllAbout Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal bDisplay As Long) As Double
<b>Delphi</b>
function DllAbout (bDisplay: integer): Double; stdcall; external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern double DllAbout(int bDisplay);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is version of DLL.

If the function fails, the return value is 0.

## Parameters

➤ *bDisplay*

0=only return version, 1=display dialog and return version.

## Remarks



## Example

```
double dbVersion = DllAbout(TRUE); // 1=display dialog, 0=only return version

CString strVersion;

strVersion.Format(_T("DLL Version: %.1f"), dbVersion);

AfxMessageBox(strVersion);
```

## See Also

Other Functions



## SendCmd

---

This function can send a buffer of data to the printer or write some commands in dialog to send the printer.

<b>C++</b>
<code>extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall SendCmd(int nDataLen, LPBYTE lpData);</code>
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function SendCmd Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nDataLen As Long, ByVal lpData As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
<code>function SendCmd (nDataLen:integer; lpData:string):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';</code>
<b>CSharp</b>
<code>[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern int SendCmd(int nDataLen, StringBuilder lpData);</code>

## Return Value

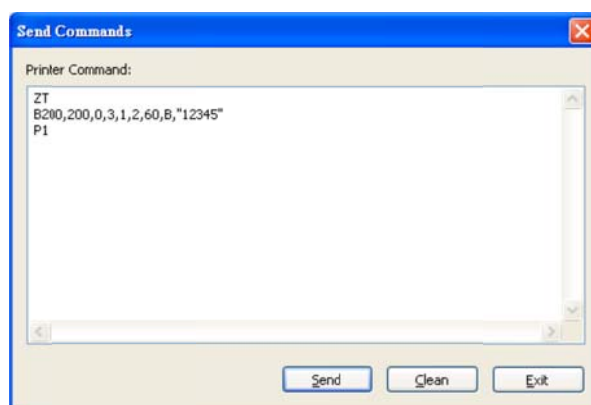
If the function succeeds, the return value is length of data.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *nDataLen*  
length of data buffer. When the value is -1, the function will appear a dialog.(see below picture)
- *lpData*  
Data buffer.

## Remarks



## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];  
  
int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count
```

```
PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port  
if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)  
{  
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));  
    return;  
}  
  
int nDataLen = SendCmd(-1, NULL);  
CString strMessage;  
strMessage.Format(_T("Data length = %d"), nDataLen);  
AfxMessageBox(strMessage);  
PortClose();
```

## See Also

[Other Functions, Port Functions](#)

## SendFileA, SendFileW

---

This function can send a file to printer.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall SendFileA(char* pFileName);
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) int __stdcall SendFileW(TCHAR* ptcFileName);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function SendFileA Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal pFileName As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function SendFileA (pFileName:string):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
function SendFileW (ptcFileName: WideString):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")]
static extern int SendFileA(string pFileName);
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")]
static extern int SendFileW(string ptcFileName);

## Return Value

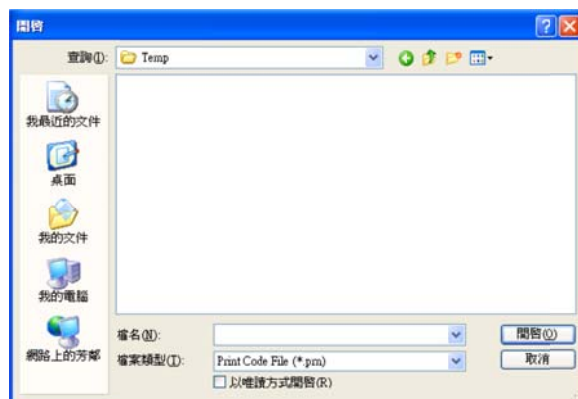
If the function succeeds, the return value is length of file.

If the function fails, the return value is 0 (port is unopened).

## Parameters

- *pFileName*  
Print out file name with path. If the value is "open", it will appear a dialog for browsing file.
- *ptcFileName*  
Print out file name with path that supports Unicode. If the value is \_T("open"), it will appear a dialog for browsing file.

## Remarks



## Example

```
char acPortBuffer[40];
```

```

int nPortCount = PortEnumCount(0); // Get USB count

PortEnumGet(0, 0, acPortBuffer); // Get name of number 0 of USB port

if(PortOpen(acPortBuffer) == 0)
{
    AfxMessageBox(_T("Can't open port!"));
    return;
}

int nDataLen = SendFileA("testcmd.txt");
//int nDataLen = SendFileW(_T("testcmd.txt"));
//int nDataLen = SendFileA("open");
//int nDataLen = SendFileW(_T("open"));

CString strMessage;
strMessage.Format(_T("Data length = %d"), nDataLen);

AfxMessageBox(strMessage);

PortClose();

```

## See Also

[Other Functions](#), [Port Functions](#)

## GetScaleData

---

This is a scale model can be specified so that the weight after weighing the return value, and specify from which incoming RS232.

這是可以指定磅秤型號，使之回傳秤重完後的重量數值，並指定從哪個 RS232 傳入。

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) double __stdcall GetScaleData(int nMode, int nComPortNum);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function GetScaleData Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nMode As Long, ByVal nComPortNum As Long) As Double
<b>Delphi</b>
function GetScaleData (nMode:integer, nComPortNum:integer):Double;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern double GetScaleData (int nMode, int nComPortNum);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return weight value.

If the function fails, the return value is 0.

## Parameters

- *nMode*  
1=EXCELL Scale.
- *nComPortNum*  
Ex: 1=COM1.

## Remarks



## Example

```
CString strTemp;  
  
double dbResult = GetScaleData(1, 1);  
  
strTemp.Format(_T("%g"), dbResult);  
  
AfxMessageBox(strTemp);
```

## See Also

[Other Functions](#)

## BARDRAWER FUNCTIONS

Name	Description
<a href="#"><u>BarDrawer_DatabaseSet</u></a>	This function can set database setting of bardrawer label file.
<a href="#"><u>BarDrawer_Launch</u></a>	This function can launch bardrawer application with existing label file.
<a href="#"><u>BarDrawer_LaunchNew</u></a>	This function can launch bardrawer application with new label file.

## BarDrawer\_DatabaseSet

---

This function can set database setting of bardrawer label file.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) double _stdcall BarDrawer_DatabaseSet (int nType, BOOL nSaveInfos, char* pstrFilePath, char* pstrUserName, char* pstrPassword, char* pstrTable);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function BarDrawer_DatabaseSet Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal nType As Long, ByVal nSaveInfos As Long, ByVal pstrFilePath As String, ByVal pstrUserName As String, ByVal pstrPassword As String, ByVal pstrTable As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function BarDrawer_DatabaseSet (nType:integer; nSaveInfos:integer; pstrFilePath:string; pstrUserName:string; pstrPassword:string; pstrTable:string):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool BarDrawer_DatabaseSet(int nType, int nSaveInfos, string pstrFilePath, string pstrUserName, string pstrPassword, string pstrTable);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0.

## Parameters

- *nType*  
Database Type, 0= Microsoft Access, 1= Microsoft Excel.
- *nSaveInfos*  
To save user name and password into file. 0=No, 1=Save.
- *pstrFilePath*  
Database file name with full path. If it is only file name, it will load file in current path.
- *pstrUserName*  
User name of database security.
- *pstrPassword*  
Password of database security.
- *pstrTable*  
Used table name of database.

## Remarks

This function supports BarDrawer application form version 1.1.5 .

## Example

```
BarDrawer_DatabaseSet(1 /*Excel*/, TRUE, "Excel database.xls", "Admin", "", "Sheet1$");
```



```
BarDrawer_Launch("DLLTest.bdw");  
//BarDrawer_LaunchNew("Sample1.bdw");
```

## See Also

[BarDrawer Functions](#)

## BarDrawer\_Launch

---

This function can launch bardrawer application with existing label file.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) double _stdcall BarDrawer_Launch(char* pFileName);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function BarDrawer_Launch Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal pFileName As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function BarDrawer_Launch (pFileName:string):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool BarDrawer_Launch(string pFileName);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0.

## Parameters

➤ *pFileName*

Label file name with full path. If it is only file name, it will load file in current path.

## Remarks

This function supports BarDrawer application form version 1.1.5 .

## Example

```
BarDrawer_Launch("DLLTest.bdw");
```

Or

```
BarDrawer_Launch("C:\\DLLTest.bdw");
```

## See Also

[BarDrawer Functions](#)

## BarDrawer\_LaunchNew

---

This function can launch bardrawer application with new label file.

<b>C++</b>
extern "C" __declspec(dllimport) double _stdcall BarDrawer_LaunchNew(char* pFileName);
<b>Visual Basic</b>
Private Declare Function BarDrawer_LaunchNew Lib "SBSDK_API.DLL" (ByVal pFileName As String) As Long
<b>Delphi</b>
function BarDrawer_LaunchNew (pFileName:string):integer;stdcall;external 'SBSDK_API.DLL';
<b>CSharp</b>
[DllImport("SBSDK_API.dll")] static extern bool BarDrawer_LaunchNew(string pFileName);

## Return Value

If the function succeeds, the return value is 1.

If the function fails, the return value is 0.

## Parameters

➤ *pFileName*

Label file name with full path. If it is only file name, it will load file in current path.

## Remarks

This function supports BarDrawer application form version 1.1.5 .

## Example

```
BarDrawer_LaunchNew("Sample1.bdw");
```

or

```
BarDrawer_LaunchNew("C:\\Sample1.bdw");
```

## See Also

[BarDrawer Functions](#)